



# Evaluation of different stool extraction methods for metabolomics measurements in human faecal samples

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## ABSTRACT

**Background** Metabolomics analysis of human stool samples is of great interest for a broad range of applications in biomedical research including early detection of colorectal neoplasms. However, due to the complexity of metabolites there is no consensus on how to process samples for stool metabolomics measurements to obtain a broad coverage of hydrophilic and hydrophobic substances.

**Methods** We used frozen stool samples (50 mg) from healthy study participants. Stool samples were processed after thawing using eight different processing protocols and different solvents (solvents such as phosphate-buffered saline, isopropanol, methanol, ethanol, acetonitrile and solvent mixtures with or without following evaporation and concentration steps). Metabolites were measured afterwards using the MxP Quant 500 kit (Biocrates). The best performing protocol was subsequently applied to compare stool samples of participants with different dietary habits.

**Results** In this study, we were able to determine up to 340 metabolites of various chemical classes extracted from stool samples of healthy study participants with eight different protocols. Polar metabolites such as amino acids could be measured with each method while other metabolite classes, particular lipid species (better with isopropanol and ethanol or methanol following a drying step), are more dependent on the solvent or combination of solvents used. Only a small number of triglycerides or acylcarnitines were detected in human faeces. Extraction efficiency was higher for protocols using isopropanol (131 metabolites > limit of detection (LOD)) or those using ethanol or methanol and methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) including an evaporation and concentration step (303 and 342 metabolites > LOD, respectively) than for other protocols. We detected significant faecal metabolite differences between vegetarians, semivegetarians and non-vegetarians.

**Conclusion** For the evaluation of metabolites in faecal samples, we found protocols using solvents like isopropanol and those using ethanol or methanol, and MTBE including an evaporation and concentration step to be superior regarding the number of detected metabolites of different chemical classes over others tested in this study.

## INTRODUCTION

Metabolomics analysis of human stool samples is of great interest for a broad range of applications in biomedical research including

## What this paper adds

- A broad range of metabolites can be extracted in human stool samples with 8 different methodologies.
- Polar metabolites were measured equally well with all protocols applied.
- Other metabolites are highly dependent on the extraction method.
- Extraction methods using (1) isopropanol or (2) ethanol or methanol and methyl tert-butyl ether including an evaporation and concentration step seem to be preferable (yielding the highest number and a broad range of metabolites).
- These methods should be considered in order to get comparable results across different studies.

early detection of colorectal cancer (CRC) as a non-invasive alternative to colonoscopy. Metabolomics might be promising for this purpose as metabolites are closely related to the phenotype and depict current metabolic processes happening in an organism. Stool is directly associated with the gut and may reflect changes in metabolism very early through its transit in the gut.<sup>1</sup>

Faecal mass consists to a great proportion of water and bacteria but also food components or metabolites.<sup>2</sup> Faecal samples show great variability in their material content and characteristics, which makes it difficult to standardise the process from collection to processing and analysis including the analytical platform.<sup>3</sup> The latter also defines the sensitivity of the analysis and the type of analytes available for analyses. Apart from the aforementioned differences of stool samples, faecal metabolomics might be affected by different confounding factors such as diet, the host and microbial metabolism. Metabolic changes in stool might be derived directly from the development of cancer or precancerous cells (host metabolism) or from a change in the gut microbiota (microbial metabolism) which both result in

a distinct metabolic phenotype that might be characteristic for the disease.<sup>1</sup> The microbiota itself was found to be differently present in patients with colorectal neoplasms or CRC compared with healthy individuals.<sup>4,5</sup> Moreover, it was shown that diet has a clear effect on the microbial composition and metabolism.<sup>6</sup> The metabolic profile of CRC or its precursors may help in the understanding of disease development, progression and early detection.<sup>7</sup>

Some studies have already found faecal metabolomics biomarkers for early detection of CRC but metabolite selection strongly varied<sup>1,8–10</sup> and as different studies were using different processing methods, no direct comparison is possible. There is no consensus how to process stool samples for metabolomics measurements to get reliable and reproducible results.<sup>11–14</sup> A review by Deda *et al* focused on the existing various stool preparation protocols and found the metabolites to be dependent on the extraction method.<sup>11</sup> In this study, we used the MxP Quant 500 Kit (Biocrates Life Sciences AG, Innsbruck, Austria) to determine and quantify a very broad range of metabolite classes in human faeces. In total, we used eight different stool preparation protocols to assess the best coverage for stool metabolite profiles. The protocol yielding the highest multitude of extracted metabolites was used to analyse and compare additional stool samples of healthy study participants with different dietary habits.

## SUBJECTS AND METHODS

### Study design

The GEKKO study (Gebt dem Krebs keine Chance—Onkocheck) is an ongoing study in southwest Germany including people participating in screening colonoscopy (Arm A) or with diagnosed primary cancer (Arm B). The study was approved by the ethics committees of the Medical Faculty Heidelberg and of the physicians' boards of Baden-Württemberg and Rhineland Palatinate. The GEKKO study Arm A was designed to evaluate novel early detection markers of CRC. People undergoing a screening colonoscopy at a gastroenterology practice in or around Heidelberg, Germany, who are over the age of 30 years, with no history of CRC, no inflammatory bowel disease, no colonoscopy within the last 5 years and speaking and understanding the German language are invited to participate.

After written informed consent was received, participants are asked to fill in a questionnaire regarding lifestyle and demographic data and to provide blood, stool, saliva and urine samples for research purposes prior to colonoscopy. Biosamples are processed and then stored at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  until needed. Colonoscopy reports are provided from the physicians to the study centre. Participants are grouped according to their most advanced finding at colonoscopy. From the individuals with no polyps or any findings at colonoscopy, those with incomplete colonoscopy (caecum not reached) or poor bowel preparation were excluded. For this analysis, three participants of the GEKKO study Arm A were selected between the age of

50 and 79 years with no polyps or any findings at colonoscopy to test eight different stool preparation protocols and to define the best analytical outcome.

In a further step, stool samples from additional healthy GEKKO participants ( $n=18$ ) of approximately the same age (50–65 years) with different dietary habits (vegetarians, semivegetarians and non-vegetarians) were processed with the protocol that performed best with respect to numbers of detected metabolites and sample handling, and results were compared between groups. Information on dietary habits of the study participants was extracted from the questionnaire. Vegetarians were defined as never eating meat, processed meat and poultry. Semivegetarians were defined as eating meat, processed meat and poultry less than once a week. Other participants reporting to consume either meat or processed meat or poultry more often were categorised as non-vegetarians.<sup>15</sup>

### Sample collection and handling

Native stool samples were collected by the participants at home from a normal bowel movement prior to bowel preparation for colonoscopy with standard stool collection tubes provided with a small spoon for collecting the stool. The stool samples were then directly frozen by the participants at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  at home. The participants were asked to document date and time of sampling and the storage temperature. The stool samples were taken by the participant in a freeze-cool transport container and in an isolated envelope to the gastroenterologists' practices, directly frozen again at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  and within the week of receipt delivered by a transport service on dry ice to the GEKKO study laboratory at the National Center for Tumor Diseases in Heidelberg, where they were immediately frozen at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

### Processing of the samples

For this analysis, we used native frozen stool samples from three individuals of the GEKKO study, testing eight different stool processing protocols, each in triplicate, which results in a total of 72 measurements. A frozen stool sample was collected by the participant into a standard collection tube with a plastic spoon, which takes on average 1 g of stool or even more. The amount can vary though, in spite of detailed visual and written instructions, depending on how much the participant loads onto and how often the participant fills the spoon. One frozen stool sample per participant was cut in a plastic petri dish on dry ice with a scalpel into 24 pieces of 50 mg frozen stool, each transferred into a separate vial and weighed on a precision scale. For this procedure one complete stool sample was used up in most cases per participant. Stool samples continued to be frozen until processing. The eight processing protocols were then tested in triplicates using the 24 stool samples prepared for each participant. It was not possible to thaw and homogenise the stool samples for aliquoting due to the viscous consistency of stool, which makes it difficult to handle, and the fast degradation process of its components upon thawing.

**Table 1** Overview on the tested stool protocols

Protocol 1	Protocol 2	Protocol 3	Protocol 4	Protocol 5	Protocol 6	Protocol 7	Protocol 8
50 mg stool	50 mg stool	50 mg stool	50 mg stool	50 mg stool	50 mg stool	50 mg stool	50 mg stool
150 µL PBS	200 µL isopropanol	200 µL Methanol/ acetonitril/ H <sub>2</sub> O * (2/2/1)	200 µL Methanol/ acetonitril (1/1)	150 µL 85% Ethanol/15% 20 mM phosphate buffer	200 µL 75% Ethanol	225 µL 100% Methanol	150 µL 100% methanol
Vortex 2 min						Freeze in liquid N <sub>2</sub> (1 min); thaw	
5 min sonification on ice						500 µL MTBE	750 µL MTBE
						Shake 1 hour at RT	Shake 1 hour at 4°C
						188 µL H <sub>2</sub> O * + 0.1% ammonium acetate	
						Vortex 2 min, incubate 5 min at RT	
				Centrifugation at full speed (5 min)		Centrifugation at full speed (10 min)	Centrifugation at full speed (5 min)
				Supernatant		Upper supernatant	Supernatant
				150 µL 20% Ethanol/80% 20 mM phosphate buffer	125 µL H <sub>2</sub> O *	~2000 µL 100% methanol	150 µL 20% methanol
						Vortex 2 min	Vortex 1 min
						Incubate 10 min at RT	Incubate 1 hour at -20°C
Centrifugation at full speed at 4°C (15 min) + supernatant in extra tube							
Freeze in liquid nitrogen	Freeze in liquid nitrogen	Freeze in liquid nitrogen	Freeze in liquid nitrogen	Freeze in liquid nitrogen	Dry complete in SpeedVac	Dry complete in SpeedVac	Freeze in liquid nitrogen

\*DNAse-free and RNAse-free water.

MTBE, methyl tert-butyl ether; PBS, phosphate-buffered saline; RT, room temperature.

The processing protocols were adapted in part from previously published work (protocol 1,<sup>16</sup> protocol 3<sup>17</sup> and protocol 7<sup>18</sup> and from the current recommended standard operating procedure provided from Biocrates protocol 5<sup>19</sup>). Details of the protocols are shown in [table 1](#). After processing, the samples were frozen again at -80°C until further processing via MxP Quant 500 Kit (Biocrates Life Sciences AG, Innsbruck, Austria).

Liquid sample extracts were processed according to the vendor's instructions for human plasma samples.<sup>20</sup> Samples dried after extraction had to be resolved before measurement (for protocols 6 and 7). Therefore, 50 µL of 100% isopropanol were added into the vial and the

mixture was vortexed for 3 min at room temperature. Additionally, 50 µL of 30% isopropanol were added and again vortexed for 3 min at room temperature. Short centrifugation (5 s) separated the solid substances from the liquid phase which was further used for analysis.

In brief, 10 µL of the sample were pipetted on a 96-well plate containing internal standards, dried under a nitrogen stream using a positive pressure manifold (Waters, Germany) and 50 µL 5% phenyl isothiocyanate solution were added to each well to derivatise amino acids and biogenic amines. After 1 hour incubation time at room temperature, the plate was dried again. To extract the metabolites 300 µL 5 mM ammonium acetate

**Table 2** Number of metabolites that were measured with each protocol according to chemical class

Protocol	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Analyte class</b>									
Total	630	131	251	100	149	132	303	342	137
Alkaloids	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Amine oxides	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amino acids	20	20	19	19	19	19	20	20	19
Amino acid related	30	25	22	23	23	22	26	25	23
Bile acids	14	11	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Biogenic amines	9	8	6	6	6	6	7	7	6
Carbohydrates and related	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Carboxylic acids	7	4	2	3	2	2	3	4	2
Cresols	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fatty acids	12	3	9	7	9	7	10	10	7
Hormones and related	4	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
Indoles and derivatives	4	4	3	4	4	2	4	3	4
Nucleobases and related	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vitamins and cofactors	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Acylcarnitines	40	6	2	2	2	2	4	6	2
Glycerophospholipide (lysophosphatidylcholines and phosphatidylcholines)	90	5	25	7	18	10	27	38	10
Sphingomyelins	15	3	5	1	3	3	6	7	3
Cholesteryl esters	22	3	3	0	0	0	4	6	0
Ceramides	28	0	22	0	15	10	24	26	6
Dihydroceramides	8	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0
Glycosylceramides (monohexosylceramides, dihexosylceramides, and Trihexosylceramides)	34	1	17	0	7	7	24	22	4
Diglycerides	44	6	14	4	11	5	17	18	4
Triglycerides	242	25	79	3	9	17	104	127	26
Metabolism indicators	232	66	72	85	78	86	99	96	84

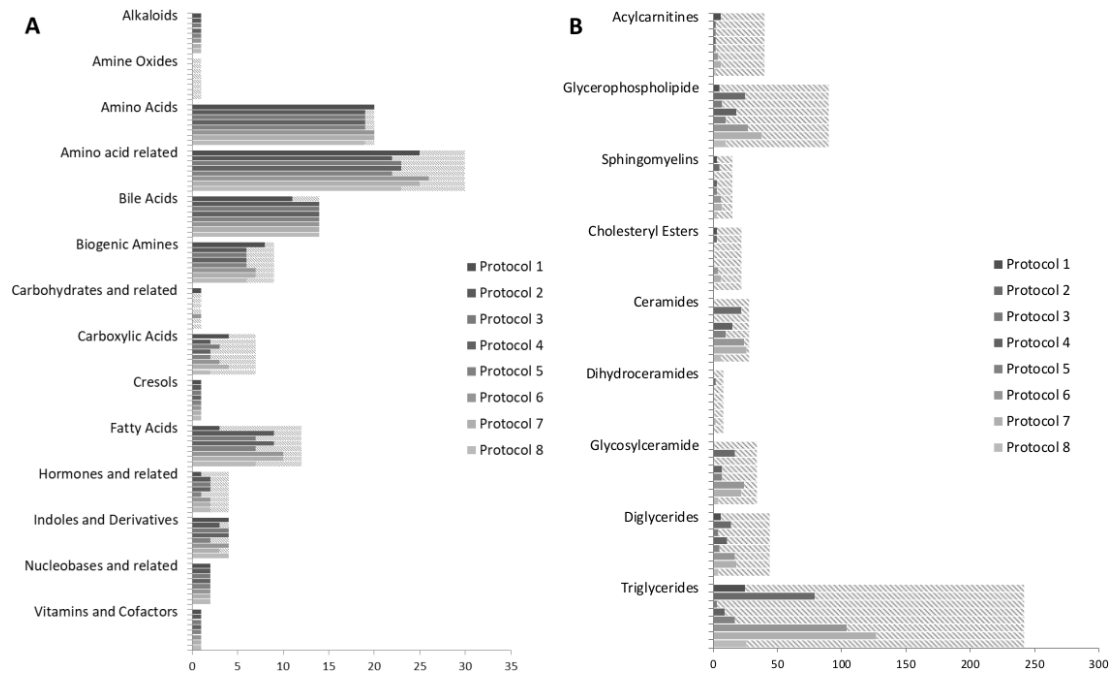
in methanol were pipetted to each filter and incubated for 30 min. The extract was eluted into a new 96-well plate using positive pressure, diluted according to the vendor's guidelines and measured via liquid chromatography mass spectrometry/mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) or flow injection analysis (FIA-MS/MS) analyses.

For metabolite measurements, a QTRAP6500+ (Sciex, Germany) MS/MS system with electrospray ionisation source connected to an UPLC I-class Plus (Waters, Germany) chromatography system was used.<sup>21 22</sup>

The LC column, the conditions for LC separation and FIA analyses as well as individual multiple reaction monitoring (MRM) parameters for each metabolite and respective internal standards were provided by the vendor of the kit (Biocrates). Quality controls, standards, blanks and zero samples were run throughout the analytical measurement of the samples. For quantification either a seven point calibration curve or one point calibration was

used depending on the metabolite class according to the manual. Data were generated using the Analyst (Sciex) software suite and transferred to the software MetIDQ (version Oxygen; Biocrates Life Sciences AG, Innsbruck, Austria) for further processing of the data.

In total, 630 metabolites can be measured via this kit. The limit of detection (LOD) for each compound is defined as three times the background noise. The lower limit of quantitation (LLOQ) is at least 10 times the background noise. At LLOQ measured metabolite concentrations can be considered as reliable. Data are normalised with a tissue factor for quantification under the following assumption: 1 mg frozen tissue equals 1 µL tissue or stool.<sup>23</sup> Tissue and faeces are comparable as wet tissue has a water content of approximately 75% which is in the range of wet stool.<sup>24</sup> A specific dilution factor (given by the tissue/stool to solvent ratio) was applied to the calculated concentration values (µM) to achieve comparable absolute concentrations and correct



**Figure 1** Number of metabolites that can be assessed by each protocol and in total by chemical class for the LC-MS (A) and FIA analysis (B) separately (dashed lines indicate those below the limit of detection).

for slight differences in sample weight and the individual extraction volume.<sup>25</sup> Concentrations are given in pmol of the metabolite/mg stool mass.

All metabolites were identified and quantified using isotopically labelled internal standards (3 hours, <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>15</sup>N) and MRM using optimised MS conditions as provided by Biocrates. Metabolite annotation was done via retention time and compound-specific MRMs. The following metabolites are measurable using the MxP Quant 500 Kit: 1 alkaloid (trigonelline), 1 amine oxide (trimethylamine N-oxide), 20 amino acids, 30 other amino acid-related metabolites, 14 bile acids, 9 biogenic amines, hexoses (including glucose), 7 carboxylic acids, 1 cresol (p-cresol sulfate), 12 fatty acids, 4 hormone and related metabolites, 4 indoles and derivatives, 2 nucleobases and related molecules, 1 metabolite from the group of vitamins and cofactors, 40 acylcarnitines, 14 lysophosphatidylcholines, 76 phosphatidylcholines, 15 sphingomyelins, 28 ceramides, 8 dihydroceramides, 19 hexosylceramides, 9 dihexosylceramides, 6 trihexosylceramides, 22 cholesteryl esters, 44 diglycerides and 242 triglycerides. All the related isobaric and isomeric lipid species can be measured but cannot be distinguished by this method.

### Statistical analyses

We measured 630 metabolites and calculated a range of sums and ratios of metabolites indicating metabolic pathways and syntheses using the MetIDQ software. The so-called ‘metabolism indicators’ are sums and ratios calculated from the measured metabolites and are indicative for a specific pathway or synthesis happening in the body. Metabolism indicators have been described previously in blood samples but not in stool samples.

Metabolites with the mean below the LOD were excluded and described as not measured and metabolism

indicators with more than half of the values below the LOD were marked as below LOD in the following. We assessed the number of metabolites and their respective chemical classes for each processing method. Additionally, we calculated means and intersample variabilities between the three stool samples of each participant. We used the estimated values below the LOD to avoid imputation in the data for the calculations.<sup>20</sup> For each protocol, variability of concentrations measured in the three stool aliquots from same participant was quantified by the mean coefficient of variation (‘mean intraindividual CV’) among the three participants. The distribution of mean intraindividual CVs (in %) are displayed in a bar chart.

We described the study population that was used to apply the best protocol and used analysis of variance (ANOVA) to detect differences in metabolite concentrations between people with different dietary habits (vegetarians, semivegetarians, non-vegetarians). We assessed the false discovery rate (FDR) to account for over-optimistic results and remove false-positives.

A p value <0.05 (two-sided testing) was considered to indicate statistical significance. Statistical analyses were conducted using SAS Enterprise Guide V.7.1 (SAS Institute Inc, Cary, North C, USA).

## RESULTS

### Extraction of metabolites using different stool processing protocols

We measured metabolites with the MxP Quant 500 kit using eight different protocols for stool processing from three healthy participants of the GEKKO study (free of neoplasms). We were able to extract metabolites with

each protocol but the number of detectable metabolites varied (table 2, figure 1). The highest number of metabolites using (1) a simple single-step extraction protocol was detected using isopropanol (protocol 2) and even more compounds could be detected using (2) a multistep protocol when we dried the liquid extracts after extraction and reconstituted the samples in a small volume to increase metabolite concentrations (protocols 6 and 7).

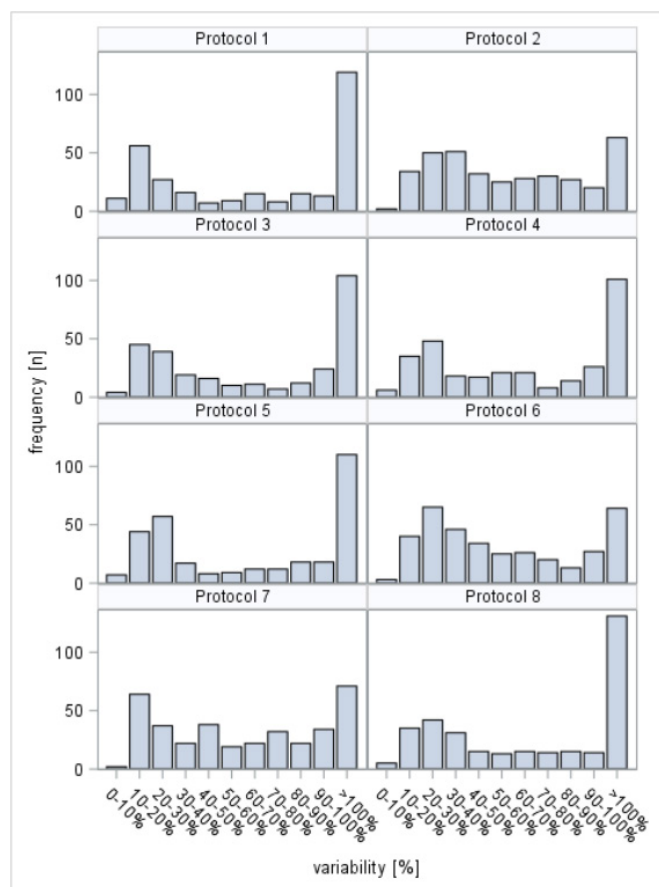
The evaluated solvents differ in their polarity and therefore in their extraction efficacy to solve metabolites of the different chemical classes studied. With the MxP Quant 500 kit, 630 metabolites can be determined of 14 classes of small molecules and 12 lipid classes. In addition, a range of sum and ratios that describe certain pathways and syntheses in the organism is calculated via the MetIDQ software from the obtained data. Despite differences in absolute concentration polar metabolites were well detectable with each extraction method. Amino acids and amino acid-related products were detected with concentrations above LOD in the analysed stool samples by all evaluated extraction protocols. Concentrations for amine oxides or carbohydrates and related products were always below the LOD. Large differences in extraction efficiency were seen for polar-lipids such as glycerophospholipids and glycosylceramides which were better detectable in samples extracted with isopropanol or method 6 or 7. Major differences were observed for non-polar lipids such as for triglycerides as none of the compounds were above the LOD using phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) for preparation whereas more than 50 could be measured using isopropanol or ethanol or methanol in combination with concentrating the liquid extract.

### Variability between different stool aliquots from the same participant

We calculated variability between different stool aliquots of the same individual for those metabolites that were detectable above the LOD for each investigated stool processing protocol separately. Online supplemental tables 1 and 2 show means and mean intraindividual CVs for each metabolite assessed at least once above the LOD and for each of the sums and ratios that describe certain pathways and syntheses in the organism, respectively. Online supplemental table 3 and figure 2 provide overviews on the distribution of the mean intraindividual CVs for individual metabolites. Intraindividual variability was in general very high in our analyses. With all protocols, <12% of the metabolites showed mean intraindividual CVs below 15%.

### Metabolic differences in stool samples comparing vegetarians and non-vegetarians

Protocol 6 was favourable in terms of sample handling and measured numbers of metabolites. Therefore, we further measured 18 stool samples according to this protocol from participants with different dietary habits (table 3). We analysed stool samples from 18 vegetarians,



**Figure 2** Distribution of mean intra-individual coefficients of variation reflecting variability of measurements in multiple stool aliquots from the same individuals.

semivegetarians and non-vegetarians and found a range of metabolites that were significantly different (table 4). After FDR adjustments, 46 metabolites (except PC ae C44:4) remain statistically significant different but less strongly pronounced. Most of the metabolites that distinguished the dietary habits were from lipid classes such as ceramides and phosphatidylcholines. Some metabolism indicators were also found to be different between vegetarians, semivegetarians and non-vegetarians. Most of the statistical significant ceramides were higher abundant in non-vegetarians and the sum of ceramides was increasing from vegetarians to non-vegetarians.

### DISCUSSION

There is no consensus so far how stool samples should be prepared for comparable, standardised metabolomics measurements.<sup>11 14</sup> We were able to extract a broad range of metabolites with each of the eight defined protocols tested within this study. However, some methods should be preferred over others in regards to the solvents used dependent on the aim of the study and if a broad or a specific metabolic coverage is aimed for in a particular stool sample analysis. In this study, the largest numbers of metabolites could be measured after extraction with isopropanol and ethanol or methanol following a drying

**Table 3** Population characteristics for the GEKKO participants analysed with protocol 6 by dietary habits

Characteristics	Vegetarians	Semivegetarians	Non-vegetarians
	N=6	N=6	N=6
Sex, n (%)			
Female	3	3	3
Male	3	3	3
Age, n (%)			
50–54 years	1	2	2
55–59 years	4	2	4
60–64 years	1	2	0
Mean (SD)	56.7 (±2.9)	56.5 (±3.6)	54.8 (±2.6)

step. We have seen differences in the measured metabolite concentration dependent on the extraction method.

We observed that the stool processing methods differ, are not interchangeable and that metabolite extraction efficiency varies regarding the number and class of metabolites. The metabolomics panels found by various research groups looking into metabolomics stool sample analysis differ in metabolite composition which might be caused, among other reasons, by the different stool processing methods. Studies that have focused on metabolomics in stool samples used either PBS/D<sub>2</sub>O buffer,<sup>9 10</sup> acetonitrile,<sup>8</sup> methanol<sup>26</sup> or methanol/water mixture<sup>1</sup> for metabolite extraction and each buffer/solvent results in specific biomarker panel for the specific reagent applied. In this analysis, we used PBS, acetonitrile, methanol and additionally other more complex biphasic (polar/apolar) solvent combinations for metabolite extraction. We achieved different metabolite coverage for different extraction methods which shows why different studies are even more diverse and hard to compare.

The principal procedure is similar for all protocols. A solvent or mixture of solvents is added to the thawed stool samples and this mixture is homogenised and centrifuged so that either non-dried supernatant or reconstituted concentrated extracts can be used for metabolite analysis.<sup>14</sup> All samples were stored under the same condition at –80°C prior to MS analysis. To our knowledge, no study so far has investigated stability of metabolites in stool extracts compared with dried extracts. However, we were able to extract a broad range of metabolites with each procedure but the concentrations and the type of metabolites extracted, differ.

A total of up to 630 metabolites can be measured and various sums and ratios can be calculated. The typical number of metabolites that was measured with this kit in human stool by the vendor is 117 using an ethanol phosphate buffer-based protocol.<sup>27</sup> When we used a protocol based on PBS, we were able to measure only 88 compounds. Evaluating different methods, we were able to extract and quantify up to 340 metabolites from human stool samples. Amino acids, amino acid-related metabolites, bile acids, fatty acids, nucleobases and related

metabolites among others can be reliably measured with almost all solvents. In contrast, the numbers of acylcarnitines, glycerophospholipids or triglycerides are low in human stool which was also found by Wolf *et al.*<sup>27</sup> Moreover, polar and non-polar lipids are more dependent on the extraction method than the metabolites measured with LC-MS/MS. These metabolites were better extracted using isopropanol or methanol or ethanol with a concentration step.

Protocol 1 is the only method that did not use an organic solvent. Therefore, this extraction does not inactivate enzymes nor removes proteins. The latter might block the LC columns and lead to variation in the measurements. Still PBS is the most common used solvent for metabolite extraction of stool solvent.<sup>11</sup> However, solid phase extraction was used during downstream sample preparation to remove proteins and other matrix components.

In agreement with previously reported differences between faecal metabolomics of omnivores, vegetarians and vegans,<sup>28</sup> we observed metabolic differences between vegetarians and non-vegetarians. In particular, we found major differences between stool samples from vegetarians and non-vegetarians in the lipid classes. Non-vegetarians were shown to have higher intake of total fat compared with vegetarians.<sup>29</sup> The significant differences in amount of metabolites of lipid classes in non-vegetarians compared with vegetarians found in our study might reflect the difference in fat intake. In meat eaters, higher blood levels of glycerophospholipids or sphingolipids were found compared with vegetarians or vegans as the most important sources for those metabolites are animal products.<sup>30</sup> Furthermore, it was found by different studies that meat intake is associated with the Trimethylamine N-oxide (TMAO) metabolism as meat and meat products are rich in substances needed for the synthesis of TMAO.<sup>31</sup> In contrast, we did not find any differences in faecal TMAO. Other studies found higher amounts of amino acid metabolites and bile acids excretion in urine from meat eaters as they have higher intake of proteins compared with people with high vegetable intake.<sup>32</sup> In stool samples, we did not find different amounts

**Table 4** Metabolite concentrations (and SD) and differences between vegetarians, semivegetarians and non-vegetarians

Metabolite	Class	Vegetarians			Semivegetarians			non-vegetarians			ANOVA		FDR
		Mean	SD	P value	Mean	SD	P value	Mean	SD	P value	P value		
Sum of Cer	Metabolism indicators	9.05	7.85	15.44	4.88	26.67	7.49	0.0017	0.0282				
Cer(d16:1/23:0)	Ceramides	0.18	0.21	0.34	0.06	0.56	0.14	0.0019	0.0282				
Sum of LCFA-Cer	Metabolism indicators	4.82	4.69	8.62	2.57	16.16	5.74	0.0019	0.0282				
Cer(d18:2/18:0)	Ceramides	0.01	0.03	0.12	0.07	0.30	0.19	0.0028	0.0282				
Cer(d16:1/22:0)	Ceramides	0.37	0.32	0.53	0.15	0.96	0.25	0.0031	0.0282				
Cer(d18:1/18:1)	Ceramides	0.23	0.17	0.16	0.07	1.06	0.73	0.0046	0.0282				
Cer(d18:0/22:0)	Dihydroceramides	0.14	0.20	0.15	0.17	0.57	0.26	0.0049	0.1200				
1-Met-His synthesis	Metabolism indicators	6.29	3.76	0.83	1.37	0.39	0.31	0.0058	0.0282				
Ratio of short-chain to long-chain ACs	Metabolism indicators	0.95	0.32	0.80	0.29	0.46	0.07	0.0058	0.0282				
Cer(d18:2/24:0)	Ceramides	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.11	0.21	0.05	0.0061	0.0282				
Sum of VLCFA-Cer	Metabolism indicators	4.24	3.32	6.81	2.66	10.53	2.69	0.0067	0.0282				
PC ae C36:5	Phosphatidylcholines	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.21	0.14	0.0071	0.0282				
Sum of VLCFA-DH-Cer	Metabolism indicators	0.65	0.24	1.11	0.55	2.35	0.95	0.0075	0.0282				
SM C26:0	Sphingomyelins	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.02	0.0080	0.0282				
PEA	Biogenic amines	0.15	0.14	0.18	0.19	0.97	0.74	0.0096	0.0301				
CE(20:1)	Cholesteryl esters	1.14	0.71	0.12	0.30	0.22	0.54	0.0098	0.0301				
Cer(d18:1/22:0)	Ceramides	0.56	0.37	0.80	0.34	1.30	0.41	0.0115	0.0330				
CE(14:1)	Cholesteryl esters	0.07	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.39	0.0147	0.0347				
PEA synthesis	Metabolism indicators	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.0157	0.0347				
Cer(d18:0/24:1)	Dihydroceramides	0.18	0.23	0.49	0.23	0.73	0.36	0.0157	0.0347				
TG(17:1_32:1)	Triacylglycerides	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.23	0.18	0.0158	0.0347				
HexCer(d18:1/24:1)	Hexosylceramides	2.45	1.16	5.48	2.63	7.24	3.29	0.0158	0.0347				
Cer(d16:1/24:0)	Ceramides	0.13	0.23	0.25	0.10	0.43	0.11	0.0178	0.0373				
Sum of VLCFA-Glycosyl-Cer	Metabolism indicators	6.54	3.48	14.91	6.92	18.24	8.21	0.0200	0.0383				
Cer(d18:1/24:1)	Ceramides	0.89	0.72	1.31	0.59	2.12	0.71	0.0200	0.0383				
Cer(d18:1/18:0(OH))	Ceramides	0.10	0.18	0.19	0.24	0.52	0.29	0.0213	0.0386				
Sum of Glycosyl-Cer	Metabolism indicators	9.94	5.55	21.58	9.26	26.38	11.98	0.0224	0.0386				
Sum of HexCer	Metabolism indicators	7.26	4.18	16.20	7.72	20.00	8.90	0.0227	0.0386				
HexCer(d18:1/26:0)	Hexosylceramides	0.21	0.14	0.41	0.17	0.52	0.22	0.0291	0.0454				
TG(18:0_32:0)	Triacylglycerides	1.79	0.21	1.46	0.27	1.34	0.32	0.0302	0.0454				
Cer(d18:2/16:0)	Ceramides	0.17	0.09	0.28	0.15	0.39	0.15	0.0308	0.0454				
DG(17:0_18:1)	Diglycerides	1.59	0.76	1.37	1.20	2.93	0.96	0.0316	0.0454				

Continued



**Table 4** Continued

Metabolite	Class	Vegetarians		Semivegetarians		non-vegetarians		ANOVA		FDR
		Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	P value	P value	
Cer(d18:1/20:0)	Ceramides	0.11	0.08	0.10	0.06	0.21	0.08	0.0353	0.0454	
C12-DC	Acylcarnitines	1.20	0.36	0.90	0.15	1.42	0.37	0.0355	0.0454	
PC ae C38:6	Phosphatidylcholines	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.04	0.14	0.11	0.0365	0.0454	
Sum of LCFA-Glycosyl-Cer	Metabolism indicators	3.36	2.16	6.53	2.47	8.05	3.74	0.0366	0.0454	
Cer(d18:1/24:0)	Ceramides	0.54	0.44	0.97	0.52	1.37	0.52	0.0368	0.0454	
Cer(d18:1/18:0)	Ceramides	0.38	0.27	0.55	0.31	2.76	2.76	0.0378	0.0454	
TG(18:1_32:2)	Triacylglycerides	1.37	1.49	3.03	1.71	3.58	0.78	0.0381	0.0454	
PC aa C34:4	Phosphatidylcholines	0.07	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.0395	0.0454	
Cer(d18:2/18:1)	Ceramides	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.09	0.05	0.0401	0.0454	
PC ae C38:5	Phosphatidylcholines	0.07	0.03	0.13	0.06	0.17	0.08	0.0405	0.0454	
PC ae C34:3	Phosphatidylcholines	0.02	0.04	0.18	0.20	0.54	0.53	0.0438	0.0480	
CE(18:0)	Cholesteryl esters	1.13	0.57	0.92	0.41	3.02	2.41	0.0455	0.0487	
Cer(d18:1/25:0)	Ceramides	0.44	0.30	0.75	0.48	1.16	0.55	0.0472	0.0493	
PC ae C44:4	Phosphatidylcholines	0.11	0.01	0.12	0.01	0.13	0.02	0.0498	0.0509	

AC, Acylcarnitine; ANOVA, analysis of variance; C12-DC, dodecanedioylcarnitine; CE, cholesteryl ester; Cer, ceramide; DG, diglyceride; FDR, false discovery rate; LCFA, long-chain fatty acid; PC, phosphatidylcholine; PEA, phenylethylamine; SM, sphingomyelin; TG, triglyceride.

of amino acids or bile acids between vegetarians and non-vegetarians.

There are some limitations of this study. First, various solvents have different abilities to dissolve and extract the metabolites of different classes and therefore there will be different results for each sample processing methodology which are not comparable. There is a very broad range of chemical classes in metabolomics and not all metabolites can be extracted equally well with the same methods. Second, stool composition varies greatly depending on antibiotic use,<sup>33</sup> diet or the water content that can be in a range from 63% to 85%.<sup>14</sup> This might have introduced great variability. Drying the original stool samples taken out of the freezer before processing offers the advantage of referring to similar actual weights, avoiding bias due to difference in the water content among different samples.<sup>13</sup> It is difficult though to imagine study participants to dry their stool samples and then freeze them in small amounts with equal weights for standardisation and avoiding freeze–thaw cycles. One would also need to collect more wet weight stool to get enough dry weight stool for a standardised metabolomics analyses. In addition, it is still an obstacle for many people to collect their stool samples for study purposes, freeze them at home and finally transport them in a freezing device to their physician. There is a need for a standardised protocol for stool sampling to account for the interperson variability of water content (for normalisation of metabolites) in the stool samples. Stable internal standards need to be defined that can be detected in stool together with parameters of food consumption.

In addition, large heterogeneity of stool composition even within a single bowel movement of the same person requires careful attention. In our study, we aimed to quantify such heterogeneity by assessing variability of measurements in different stool aliquots taken from the same bowel movement from each participant. The large mean intraindividual coefficients of variation most likely primarily reflect heterogeneity of stool composition and point to the need of homogenising stool or combining measurements from multiple stool aliquots taken from different parts of a bowel movement to reduce the impact of such intra-individual variation.

Other points are contaminations and variations introduced into the stool samples that can result from toilet water or from urine, which we tried to minimise using a stool collection aid.<sup>34</sup> Even though a broad range of up to 630 metabolites were measured, other important metabolites such as short-chain fatty acid, important products from the microbiome,<sup>35</sup> cannot be assessed and are not included in this kit. If these specific chemical classes are of interest, one has to use other kits or suitable analytical methods. Further limitations are the small samples size and inclusion of healthy individuals only.

A major strength of this study is that we have tested various metabolite extraction protocols on the same analytical platform. Stool samples are very promising in metabolomics research for CRC as they directly represent

the microbial activities and the cellular environment in the gut.<sup>7</sup> The stool samples were only frozen once which should ensure good metabolite stability: composition might locally differ since the 50 mg were cut-off as frozen biomass from the total stool sample without thawing and mixing the complete stool sample.

In conclusion, we found a broad range of metabolites measurable in human stool samples. Some chemical classes (polar metabolites) can be measured equally well with all protocols, whereas others are highly dependent on the extraction method. The extraction methods using (1) isopropanol or (2) ethanol or methanol and methyl tert-butyl ether including drying of the supernatant seem to be preferable over others for further metabolomics analyses regarding the number of detectable metabolites and should be recommended if a great number of metabolites shall be measured in large cohorts with good sample handling efficiency. To our knowledge, this is the first study in stool metabolomics comparing eight different protocols for metabolite extraction with a novel highly standardised and quality controlled, quantitative and reproducible assay. Furthermore, we were evaluating one methodology, the for our purpose most favourable protocol, to compare metabolites composition of stool samples of participants with different dietary habits.

There is urgent need for a consensus on standard procedures for and optimised processing of the samples for stool metabolomics and for quantitative and reproducible assays to get comparable results across different studies and laboratories.

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**Contributors** HB planned and designed the GEKKO study. VE, PS-K and HB designed this specific analysis. GP designed the protocols. VE and GP processed the samples. HB and PS-K conducted the study. VE analysed the data. VE and HB drafted the manuscript. All authors critically reviewed the manuscript and approved the final draft.

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[1]

## Supplementary Tables

**Supplementary Table 1.** Mean concentrations of metabolites (in pmol/mg stool) and mean intra-individual coefficients of variation (CV in %) that were measured in at least one of the tested protocols >LOD.

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
C0	47.62	17.42	17.38	26.19	31.74	12.49	27.22	12.95	39.34	24.41	24.5	23.79	26.23	9.44	42.19	21.46
C7-DC	0.53	35.73	0.23	28.96	0.34	62.53	0.3	34.53	0.41	33.70	0.15	11.02	0.23	43.82	0.38	40.19
C9	0.45	31.00	0.12	5.92	0.14	13.74	0.14	13.27	0.21	19.56	0.09	7.96	0.1	18.62	0.2	17.16
C10	1.39	33.23	0.5	13.49	0.52	19.19	0.51	9.32	0.74	17.71	0.36	12.27	0.4	20.13	0.71	12.07
C12	0.82	24.36	0.34	9.01	0.36	15.06	0.36	10.31	0.45	16.13	0.31	43.42	0.23	18.61	0.46	12.44
C12:1	0.88	27.20	0.41	15.71	0.51	13.57	0.44	10.10	0.65	13.16	0.3	16.58	0.47	14.43	0.64	9.41
C16	0.18	13.74	0.37	28.35	0.38	19.45	0.38	24.30	0.39	6.27	0.41	12.54	0.45	24.57	0.44	26.03
C16:2	0.08	20.27	0.09	18.15	0.12	20.95	0.12	20.44	0.13	10.44	0.12	16.11	0.1	19.49	0.14	16.88
C18	0.09	15.60	0.64	17.50	0.37	15.01	0.55	16.17	0.44	10.24	0.4	12.50	0.59	22.13	0.49	16.22
C18:1	0.1	12.14	0.26	10.12	0.28	21.40	0.31	16.23	0.3	11.67	0.24	15.78	0.3	15.94	0.34	14.45
Trigonelline	3.28	8.34	1.55	28.48	2.29	11.42	2.13	16.83	2.64	17.22	2.05	19.67	1.84	11.01	2.84	15.72
Ala	1041.78	16.11	239.89	34.13	471	25.69	345.11	24.76	509.56	16.17	1625.89	34.07	457	15.60	560.89	30.99
Arg	134.78	20.94	14.6	86.55	56.67	31.35	17.61	53.89	66.57	14.57	365	16.46	137.74	10.77	141.41	41.85
Asn	47.3	30.12	2.94	32.52	7.26	25.57	3.59	34.74	9.57	23.64	108.79	41.74	8.55	10.72	9.06	28.02
Asp	1223.11	15.05	79.14	55.33	652.89	22.67	207.3	39.52	873.44	26.99	881.33	33.66	453.11	18.25	1003.78	28.30
Cys	58.92	14.91	13.32	37.58	37.23	24.24	20.57	27.01	52.1	17.51	31.19	22.37	25.91	15.66	50.78	19.12
Gln	220.78	18.47	28.83	28.46	83.63	16.82	47.99	21.79	83.6	26.24	221.14	35.52	71.76	20.33	97.69	28.08
Glu	5207.11	15.84	507.44	54.52	3912.22	17.69	1946.44	32.95	4124.33	22.24	2814.44	32.34	2561	13.56	5053	25.47
Gly	451.78	15.67	83.11	39.72	247.44	25.40	135.97	30.51	278.89	24.17	479.22	29.07	169.44	14.77	298.11	30.77
His	97.86	15.87	27.47	31.97	52.51	18.94	35.64	20.17	58.39	21.71	66.62	29.79	48.5	11.05	77.08	29.52
Ile	212.56	21.19	39.51	30.94	65.18	36.14	54.48	36.24	67.48	23.80	416.43	34.20	67.29	18.55	75.42	46.28
Leu	366.33	19.45	58.57	38.27	101.6	42.45	82.43	51.18	105.58	30.45	981	41.33	126.9	21.90	118.71	53.44
Lys	1069.89	14.43	169.36	59.03	526	13.62	235.26	44.01	700	16.37	878.11	43.08	400.89	12.24	805.89	15.56

[2]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
Met	197	17.60	33.49	27.18	63.98	19.99	47.97	33.30	61.91	22.99	379.46	32.66	50.92	18.77	64.07	36.43
Phe	187.89	18.01	29.64	31.77	52.23	37.64	42.34	44.79	52.5	26.96	382.56	33.40	55.74	16.41	62.41	49.57
Pro	349	17.17	139	36.46	259.78	20.89	216.94	32.91	247.77	31.72	285.44	25.24	197.72	15.95	312.24	33.25
Ser	298.78	25.40	35.3	30.26	101.03	28.46	57.7	36.39	108.43	27.79	384.56	32.33	64.51	16.08	111.3	39.97
Thr	200.22	14.14	38.76	32.33	87.37	11.31	57.17	21.80	87.17	18.25	265.21	33.83	75.9	13.42	96.93	21.01
Trp	44.2	19.73	9.54	54.06	18.79	29.66	14.17	50.98	15.27	42.54	56.61	28.43	16.65	18.81	20.01	35.86
Tyr	254.11	14.85	68.44	31.70	112.97	29.97	90.49	28.98	113.72	21.68	460.11	31.33	120.81	17.04	142.9	34.00
Val	312.22	15.58	81.7	33.72	133.56	28.13	112.07	29.74	147	22.25	540	33.12	143.11	19.22	160.29	35.22
1-Met-His	3.92	12.65	1.53	32.71	2.77	17.12	2.08	15.69	3.6	20.15	2.35	22.27	2.18	12.34	4.03	20.86
3-Met-His	9.96	10.28	3.62	36.69	7.06	14.47	5.23	19.11	8.92	19.03	6	25.69	6.51	17.01	9.27	19.03
5-AVA	272	18.56	129.98	31.68	232.33	25.75	180.91	19.86	301.22	27.84	208	23.57	251.11	18.69	285.44	25.90
AABA	23.71	11.30	11.29	36.20	19.62	25.91	16.2	24.93	20.22	20.07	25.19	27.55	29.42	21.29	27.06	28.13
Ac-Orn	10.28	15.92	3.26	42.61	5.86	17.33	4.45	26.03	8.01	23.90	5.36	24.55	4.9	11.30	9.23	24.53
ADMA	1.18	8.68	0.48	41.45	0.93	17.81	0.72	22.54	1.15	21.97	0.8	21.66	0.85	14.47	1.27	13.33
alpha-AAA	5.04	10.90	0.88	53.25	3.55	14.30	1.68	36.50	4.88	16.29	3.18	31.55	3	21.38	4.89	19.25
Anserine	3.12	9.69	0.82	41.73	2.12	17.50	1.39	27.98	2.44	23.42	2.18	29.88	2.08	17.52	2.74	26.99
BABA	0.96	14.99	0.61	32.73	0.91	24.37	0.79	25.63	0.99	24.68	0.78	30.69	0.81	14.37	1.16	27.64
Betaine	0	.	1.63	37.17	1.82	22.85	1.16	90.50	0	.	1.35	22.94	2.67	41.64	2.11	23.07
C4-OH-Pro	1.65	11.73	1	11.94	1.33	6.57	1.05	9.70	1.83	15.99	0.93	10.41	0.95	13.18	1.85	7.86
Carnosine	2.97	7.72	1.25	14.22	2.14	11.65	1.42	9.76	2.96	14.16	2.37	19.81	2.25	13.82	3.1	15.68
Cit	503.56	16.71	105.32	29.78	269.78	18.58	164.41	29.51	326.67	19.74	650.56	34.18	164.61	15.44	279.78	25.24
Creatinine	10.66	19.42	14.07	24.70	16.95	35.68	15.79	25.36	20.57	17.30	13.75	20.50	20.63	20.37	18.16	34.51
Cystine	1.27	45.32	0.07	37.85	0.23	37.78	0.09	29.37	0.27	46.97	1.84	50.55	0.27	44.64	0.35	54.93
DOPA	0.66	15.89	0.47	14.58	0.65	11.39	0.56	8.61	0.84	11.32	0.49	13.42	0.4	14.27	0.8	9.31
HArg	0.66	6.36	0.21	27.71	0.46	19.23	0.26	33.42	0.55	22.66	0.52	22.51	0.4	14.81	0.63	19.50
HCys	15.14	8.98	10.82	14.27	12.66	18.81	10.65	13.40	16.53	14.84	16.06	21.17	12.36	19.53	16.38	20.99
Met-SO	10.93	30.81	3.51	33.17	5.94	41.57	4.62	40.99	4.96	28.54	23.32	36.05	11.32	20.70	5.34	53.00
Orn	116.02	13.59	18.96	44.04	42.64	20.03	17.03	49.49	70.34	22.32	50.69	23.40	24.56	12.66	80.04	21.39
PheAlaBetaine	1.02	17.95	0.68	25.96	0.68	21.67	0.76	23.08	0.74	17.83	0.61	24.18	0.59	13.27	0.8	26.41
ProBetaine	8.36	15.65	5.5	18.92	6.92	17.46	6.71	13.64	8.36	16.04	5.63	16.89	5.69	11.70	9.23	12.97

[3]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
Sarcosine	20.55	20.91	9.33	35.33	15.92	20.18	12.76	21.58	21.84	26.69	13.57	13.79	15.68	16.77	21.15	17.68
SDMA	0.71	14.58	0.37	32.18	0.66	26.13	0.49	25.90	0.79	21.26	0.53	20.65	0.66	14.60	0.82	21.97
t4-OH-Pro	25.94	9.59	11.7	25.13	17.91	9.13	13.56	16.77	22.16	21.23	16.3	23.35	15.33	14.42	24.13	14.94
Taurine	41.6	18.44	27.22	29.39	46.49	30.55	39.03	28.81	53.3	22.88	49.45	30.60	52.05	17.66	46.45	36.39
TrpBetaine	0.35	13.82	0.19	20.42	0.23	19.41	0.21	25.37	0.28	21.13	0.25	25.26	0.19	12.84	0.32	29.74
CA	10.32	33.60	15.69	36.54	22.25	55.10	15.67	61.71	21.55	64.14	23.44	47.13	19.47	72.96	18.54	59.91
CDCA	1.24	60.69	12.32	71.26	24.47	90.83	15.72	83.00	11.66	66.55	32.92	93.63	18.37	97.65	11.4	67.64
DCA	21.19	34.20	72.89	32.38	80.49	31.60	73.93	19.85	93.97	19.10	73.54	30.29	76.24	23.17	98.21	31.43
GCA	0.07	57.94	0.32	75.60	0.9	78.49	0.84	68.82	0.8	36.83	0.63	58.79	0.83	46.35	1.58	61.41
GCDCA	0.09	31.33	1.42	84.00	2.8	92.24	1.55	57.03	1.07	33.93	3.51	68.70	3.71	90.30	1.37	35.70
GDCA	0.01	116.77	0.35	70.26	0.65	97.70	0.42	50.00	0.22	50.74	0.93	90.15	0.87	97.32	0.24	37.97
GLCA	0.01	22.12	0.05	26.12	0.05	20.04	0.06	20.19	0.06	17.29	0.06	21.09	0.06	24.47	0.05	20.61
GLCAS	0.01	65.11	0.37	38.34	0.65	54.83	0.82	54.03	0.58	34.84	0.41	35.54	1.46	76.34	0.61	44.35
GUDCA	0.05	72.21	0.03	45.35	0.07	22.92	0.03	65.03	0.06	28.92	0.18	16.37	0.06	48.33	0.06	41.80
TCA	0.21	38.45	1.01	60.47	1.52	84.98	1.73	82.26	1.39	39.33	0.82	86.85	2.35	73.65	1.9	45.47
TCDCa	0.04	28.86	2.73	87.58	4.77	99.18	2.61	69.72	1.56	29.52	1.76	80.22	3.32	83.68	1.93	39.44
TDCA	0.02	19.63	0.46	83.59	1.1	94.00	0.61	81.67	0.26	31.17	0.6	79.70	0.88	89.04	0.29	35.11
TLCA	0.01	59.67	0.13	31.42	0.21	54.73	0.22	54.57	0.17	22.20	0.06	42.78	0.33	39.45	0.16	34.49
TMCA	0.07	32.68	0.06	36.29	0.06	49.56	0.05	41.76	0.08	38.82	0.05	44.25	0.06	49.41	0.08	31.25
beta-Ala	36.71	9.42	13.11	38.04	30.88	18.60	19.4	28.01	32.51	20.68	31.08	30.64	25.21	13.25	37.57	25.75
GABA	22.86	20.37	11.23	37.56	20.44	22.07	15.64	27.65	25.98	25.10	21.04	25.26	22.63	14.79	35.81	46.02
Histamine	5.21	10.30	5.41	13.24	6.19	12.37	5.91	11.32	7.38	9.02	5.31	13.57	5.41	16.08	6.95	12.47
PEA	0.01	21.82	0	106.80	0	.	0	.	0	173.21	0.04	49.63	0.03	72.34	0	.
Putrescine	42.87	17.00	19.56	34.69	27.13	28.64	18.27	46.73	33.46	23.24	23.6	15.29	15.47	18.88	31.27	31.11
Serotonin	0.62	8.21	0.65	20.37	0.78	10.65	0.74	15.20	0.85	16.70	0.59	16.11	0.6	12.18	0.94	16.42
Spermidine	153.33	7.86	37.36	30.92	40.09	19.59	25.76	41.19	45.78	31.49	37.71	25.82	21.48	27.93	40.33	25.28
Spermine	3.49	13.83	1.17	13.75	1.09	11.39	0.95	8.93	1.58	9.39	0.99	11.75	0.67	18.03	1.56	16.19
AconAcid	2.75	11.23	0.23	21.82	0.39	16.86	0.3	16.56	0.44	23.16	0.33	15.36	0.33	14.36	0.48	13.30
DiCA(12:0)	8.43	17.74	2.6	20.14	4.37	12.92	3.64	16.50	4.63	12.22	2.06	11.78	3.4	9.31	5.27	18.36
DiCA(14:0)	0.08	21.98	0.12	26.09	0.12	27.98	0.11	23.84	0.19	17.45	0.13	36.17	0.17	65.74	0.18	12.30

[4]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
OH-GlutAcid	48.71	64.99	0.79	21.83	12.53	32.27	1.98	35.87	4.57	15.89	5.91	57.17	4.54	49.66	4.88	20.74
Suc	1100.67	21.01	94.82	49.03	398.78	41.80	195.21	39.92	602.78	21.89	384.83	30.23	508.89	22.22	601.11	31.91
Cer(d16:1/18:0)	0	.	0.16	121.19	0.02	86.61	0.09	147.06	0.02	173.21	0.16	52.30	0.17	90.74	0.03	173.21
Cer(d16:1/20:0)	0	.	0.08	116.36	0.02	6.32	0.04	91.43	0	.	0.05	116.71	0.06	120.44	0.04	129.99
Cer(d16:1/22:0)	0	.	0.63	43.61	0	.	0.18	123.88	0.12	144.42	0.35	46.95	0.51	40.08	0.1	173.21
Cer(d16:1/23:0)	0	.	0.54	24.74	0	.	0.07	91.84	0.08	131.37	0.33	27.36	0.41	23.81	0.07	88.84
Cer(d16:1/24:0)	0.01	173.21	0.3	31.57	0.01	173.21	0.06	93.74	0.04	173.21	0.13	103.65	0.22	63.64	0.02	173.21
Cer(d18:1/14:0)	0	.	0.26	20.04	0.04	144.34	0.16	93.87	0.09	104.71	0.24	14.01	0.2	100.69	0.09	93.35
Cer(d18:1/16:0)	0.06	89.31	1.81	21.09	0.03	130.34	0.68	32.48	0.56	24.72	1.03	23.22	1.49	37.36	0.6	34.93
Cer(d18:1/18:0(OH))	0	.	0.14	134.42	0	.	0.12	23.39	0.04	173.21	0.15	128.43	0.26	76.62	0.05	173.21
Cer(d18:1/18:0)	0.03	173.21	2.16	28.30	0.01	173.21	0.49	87.78	0.5	73.39	0.79	26.39	1.29	31.89	0.45	67.60
Cer(d18:1/18:1)	0.05	96.81	0.72	20.11	0.08	95.92	0.47	26.54	0.36	21.98	0.58	16.05	0.72	28.20	0.42	24.54
Cer(d18:1/20:0(OH))	0.14	173.21	3.5	91.28	0	.	0.71	173.21	0.66	173.21	2.32	91.27	4.39	73.58	0.66	87.16
Cer(d18:1/20:0)	0.01	173.21	0.24	27.73	0	.	0.06	122.98	0.04	86.82	0.12	19.19	0.19	29.62	0.05	70.97
Cer(d18:1/22:0)	0	.	1.29	25.63	0	.	0.19	106.26	0.2	75.73	0.56	23.00	0.79	31.10	0.1	145.15
Cer(d18:1/23:0)	0	.	1.15	24.78	0	.	0.11	125.06	0.28	25.86	0.47	27.99	0.66	33.25	0.09	145.34
Cer(d18:1/24:0)	0.05	173.21	1.55	16.40	0.02	173.21	0.24	140.04	0.23	89.29	0.61	21.64	0.83	42.64	0.13	99.40
Cer(d18:1/24:1)	0.04	173.21	1.65	24.40	0	.	0.25	86.69	0.33	88.26	0.9	25.56	1.31	34.62	0.14	116.42
Cer(d18:1/25:0)	0.01	173.21	0.71	40.59	0.05	130.68	0.18	105.60	0.26	95.99	0.53	20.55	0.69	32.21	0.09	173.21
Cer(d18:1/26:0)	0.01	173.21	0.08	88.14	0	.	0.05	173.21	0.02	173.21	0.04	94.71	0.09	138.65	0	.
Cer(d18:2/16:0)	0	.	0.18	50.87	0.02	87.12	0.14	104.36	0.15	70.57	0.18	26.14	0.19	20.17	0.13	62.90
Cer(d18:2/18:0)	0	.	0.12	96.16	0.01	93.58	0.08	97.22	0	.	0.1	76.76	0.12	68.60	0.03	173.21
Cer(d18:2/18:1)	0	.	0.03	37.96	0	173.21	0.02	123.30	0.01	173.21	0.03	15.29	0.03	74.32	0.01	129.98
Cer(d18:2/20:0)	0	.	0.01	173.21	0	.	0.01	173.21	0	.	0.02	129.93	0.05	102.30	0	.
Cer(d18:2/22:0)	0	.	0.16	95.31	0	.	0.04	86.80	0.02	173.21	0.06	133.93	0.19	62.49	0	.
Cer(d18:2/23:0)	0	.	0.02	173.21	0	173.21	0	.	0	.	0.05	130.72	0.04	103.26	0	.
Cer(d18:2/24:0)	0	.	0.11	144.35	0	.	0.04	173.21	0	.	0.06	134.85	0.15	92.08	0	.
Cer(d18:2/24:1)	0	.	0.17	15.63	0	.	0.02	173.21	0.02	173.21	0.14	67.97	0.2	28.58	0.01	173.21
CE(14:0)	0.43	145.77	1.34	34.45	0.38	148.60	0.86	66.12	0.4	129.91	0.6	86.89	2.83	110.63	0.33	132.86
CE(15:0)	0.3	130.19	1.21	12.20	0.2	173.21	0.29	130.00	0.61	145.04	0.34	144.53	2.81	93.47	0.35	130.06

[5]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
CE(16:0)	1.89	23.42	7.24	16.90	1.95	25.81	1.79	38.85	2.42	35.38	2.73	28.93	8.46	88.04	2.95	22.41
CE(17:0)	0.54	144.42	0.62	94.66	1.97	98.76	0.84	92.06	0.69	173.21	0.56	108.50	2.34	146.24	1.13	91.44
CE(18:0)	0.46	78.15	2.27	28.05	0.54	42.48	0.55	70.89	0.64	62.54	1.68	56.82	2.19	68.74	0.74	36.07
CE(18:1)	3.42	64.51	14.27	46.86	3.63	45.65	1.58	47.40	1.08	124.44	7.74	32.28	10.54	55.06	3.41	104.63
CE(18:2)	19.17	79.66	10.08	40.16	15.31	62.55	8.86	49.74	7.42	38.42	17.39	55.63	10.66	56.48	20.47	78.91
CE(20:0)	114.61	88.12	1.03	98.99	3.83	144.84	0.76	173.21	4.73	130.39	2.04	115.61	1.9	121.75	26.77	123.08
CE(20:4)	3.2	110.70	1.11	79.45	2.48	62.89	0.98	78.50	1.18	80.52	2.92	55.34	1.23	78.62	2.73	79.71
p-Cresol-SO4	13.52	23.74	4	17.74	4.4	26.11	4.66	29.63	3.96	20.32	4.34	22.38	2.18	17.24	3.71	34.38
DG(14:0_14:0)	0.49	18.31	0.02	128.78	0.04	129.24	0.05	129.03	0.08	23.39	0.03	88.56	0.09	62.24	0.2	98.36
DG(14:1/18:1)	0.11	173.21	0.09	173.21	0	.	0.13	173.21	0.1	173.21	0.6	121.46	0.43	130.40	0.13	173.21
DG(16:0_16:1)	1.53	64.32	1.88	40.56	1.28	45.78	1.66	14.16	1.7	80.34	1.87	51.48	1.63	69.99	1.75	36.06
DG(16:0_18:1)	1.59	72.35	19.62	46.65	1.16	39.82	8.85	70.73	3.87	57.33	14.75	33.92	26.79	40.25	2.96	14.86
DG(16:0_18:2)	1.98	129.56	21.69	33.97	0.51	173.21	9.07	60.23	2.91	92.61	23.34	32.19	24.66	45.44	2.76	43.68
DG(16:1_18:1)	3.41	45.73	4.28	47.51	3.07	61.97	5.96	58.73	6.56	41.36	3.22	22.31	4.12	29.18	3.64	65.86
DG(16:1_18:2)	0	.	1.23	74.85	0.08	173.21	0.6	71.46	0	.	0.81	88.59	1.11	94.52	0.24	87.98
DG(17:0_18:1)	0.25	173.21	1.17	67.29	0.25	173.21	0.5	130.39	0.26	8.39	0.85	95.20	1.37	44.45	0.56	144.43
DG(18:1_18:1)	1.5	33.90	24.06	54.25	0.57	37.73	9.71	66.46	2.25	27.38	23.05	52.76	42.67	72.43	2.55	36.95
DG(18:1_18:2)	6.18	66.92	79.17	48.81	2.21	82.48	26.61	51.26	6.8	44.83	92.59	49.57	78.57	59.03	7.8	45.29
DG(18:1_18:3)	0.74	34.47	7.32	63.15	1.36	50.26	4.64	89.50	1.21	53.50	14.33	72.10	8.1	33.73	1.35	57.22
DG(18:1_20:0)	0.26	173.21	1.51	50.31	0.14	173.21	0.74	93.27	0.47	88.97	1.31	82.24	1.38	41.90	0.23	173.21
DG(18:1_20:4)	0.13	173.21	0.94	107.91	0.06	173.21	0.48	95.39	0.76	131.08	1.02	9.39	1.23	61.50	0.44	144.35
DG(18:1_22:6)	0.73	87.28	1.49	19.77	0.28	104.65	1.1	55.02	1.14	98.07	1.15	71.53	1.59	63.09	0.79	117.21
DG(18:2_18:2)	13.16	120.32	119.43	34.83	3.28	103.06	55.71	38.08	10.47	67.24	154.81	34.65	131.03	38.01	11.1	72.15
DG(18:2_18:3)	0.3	173.21	6.02	63.84	0.63	144.59	4.92	93.55	1.11	118.27	10.77	47.58	4.42	84.24	1.13	111.49
DG(18:2_20:0)	0.05	173.21	0.38	111.92	0.08	130.27	0.22	115.99	0.06	173.21	0.55	65.39	0.48	43.96	0.03	173.21
DG(18:3_18:3)	0.06	97.38	1.88	98.45	0.29	62.11	2.62	135.93	0.43	121.97	6	94.47	2.39	120.11	0.65	130.24
DG(18:3_20:2)	0.53	11.35	0.49	30.00	0.67	12.15	0.72	101.49	0.93	8.85	0.8	27.77	1.01	56.04	0.65	123.14
Cer(d18:0/18:0(OH))	1.12	61.91	2.89	42.50	2.6	35.54	2.24	62.18	3.2	36.38	2.58	20.85	3.03	19.85	2.99	69.74
Cer(d18:0/24:1)	0.16	96.24	0.43	36.80	0.05	173.21	0.24	117.40	0.07	173.21	0.31	34.57	0.34	42.29	0.04	173.21
Arachidonic acid	0.24	25.64	12.88	18.90	15.96	47.37	13.25	14.94	13.75	17.70	19.01	23.06	16.98	32.28	14.47	14.00



[6]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
DHA	0.16	20.80	6.79	21.24	8.93	41.43	7.66	20.04	7.77	28.40	9.37	21.98	9.23	29.06	6.99	21.52
EPA	0.08	33.82	1.42	13.60	2.4	23.07	1.8	16.84	1.8	26.43	2.52	17.57	2.11	26.89	1.92	21.07
FA(12:0)	27.69	14.24	109.58	53.85	64.86	25.01	79.77	26.23	89.26	17.09	116.79	41.01	115.23	39.50	89.42	23.75
FA(14:0)	150	19.64	677.22	42.76	408.67	34.30	488.56	27.35	534.56	18.08	894	50.66	714.11	38.90	479.11	19.13
FA(18:1)	175.11	44.05	2015.22	25.90	1681.56	29.82	1453.56	23.66	1733.89	16.48	5638.67	39.92	5626.33	25.17	1538.67	14.75
FA(18:2)	336.02	39.63	1475.67	21.51	2092.33	29.25	1721.67	23.04	1837.22	10.10	2738.22	35.13	2346.44	25.85	1744.11	21.32
FA(20:1)	4.09	23.33	65.59	35.86	15.72	19.19	27.89	22.66	33.09	20.76	174.41	49.55	166.14	30.04	24.99	26.74
FA(20:2)	2.99	23.68	19.15	24.66	13.57	23.99	15.82	19.11	20.07	10.17	19.32	32.83	21.67	20.51	16.24	23.45
FA(20:3)	1.57	55.15	17.96	38.52	13.84	19.93	17.09	14.26	15.14	29.63	18.82	29.04	19.44	24.46	17.69	24.23
lysoPC a C16:0	0.83	17.12	5.04	26.02	6.6	24.53	5.72	19.07	6.09	24.22	4.84	22.47	8.14	41.55	5.52	26.59
lysoPC a C17:0	0.06	144.75	0.23	21.64	0.21	45.70	0.26	24.26	0.25	64.77	0.18	36.16	0.27	19.65	0.26	38.83
lysoPC a C18:0	0.32	40.98	2.77	18.67	2.14	19.14	2.8	20.85	2.91	23.03	1.87	22.60	3.6	34.72	2.7	23.82
lysoPC a C18:1	0.11	119.76	1.04	48.72	2.31	51.38	1.55	62.64	1.43	31.40	1.01	23.88	9.61	96.31	1.41	43.43
lysoPC a C18:2	0.15	93.66	0.78	66.54	2.66	58.42	1.48	51.29	1.69	56.34	1.08	60.06	1.96	50.42	1.17	40.45
PC aa C24:0	0.07	136.65	0.1	104.48	0.06	63.35	0.04	115.53	0.07	93.16	0.11	101.37	0.04	158.73	0.11	46.37
PC aa C30:0	0.18	13.00	0.67	18.00	0.22	7.30	0.33	8.63	0.39	7.49	0.29	13.18	0.55	24.08	0.42	6.80
PC aa C32:0	0.14	31.09	1.31	25.69	0.14	16.77	0.44	53.95	0.4	32.83	0.44	30.64	1.35	26.11	0.41	52.06
PC aa C32:1	0.04	131.50	0.29	15.75	0.06	144.63	0.24	24.12	0.15	43.65	0.13	45.32	0.51	27.34	0.16	66.22
PC aa C32:2	0.02	173.21	0.11	75.79	0.01	173.21	0.05	144.55	0.05	63.57	0.04	105.98	0.16	29.42	0.1	89.22
PC aa C32:3	0.01	138.12	0.05	94.48	0.01	96.51	0.01	132.57	0.01	89.66	0.01	88.13	0.06	71.74	0.02	144.62
PC aa C34:1	1.43	23.52	3.36	43.67	1.5	34.95	2.1	14.62	1.68	9.38	1.35	42.29	6.91	61.05	2.48	35.01
PC aa C34:2	0.99	82.49	1.83	34.66	0.41	98.45	1.35	37.74	0.76	24.66	0.67	100.35	3.54	43.75	0.59	99.32
PC aa C34:3	0.01	88.86	0.24	39.92	0.06	71.34	0.19	56.71	0.16	110.83	0.14	77.55	0.37	42.86	0.11	26.11
PC aa C34:4	0.01	98.23	0.03	130.95	0.01	136.60	0.02	146.11	0.03	131.10	0.02	116.35	0.05	93.18	0.02	173.21
PC aa C36:1	0.15	47.23	0.76	56.59	0.21	54.44	0.33	24.32	0.19	47.20	0.25	78.42	1.41	39.76	0.23	63.58
PC aa C36:2	2.34	27.08	2.61	54.87	2.24	26.90	1.91	18.27	2.67	16.77	1.95	36.57	19.45	82.77	2.86	19.42
PC aa C36:3	0.08	94.48	1.43	59.36	0.22	82.34	1.05	48.81	0.52	52.68	0.49	106.00	3.13	43.67	0.57	83.67
PC aa C36:4	0.12	108.64	0.91	40.94	0.41	79.19	0.95	27.89	0.49	62.10	0.5	132.89	3.28	56.08	0.24	120.22
PC aa C36:5	0	.	0.24	61.06	0.07	104.95	0.24	80.34	0.24	110.84	0.22	100.83	0.41	45.60	0.04	146.85
PC aa C36:6	0.01	132.08	0.07	112.16	0.05	57.93	0.11	64.93	0.1	157.25	0.07	109.37	0.13	62.60	0.05	71.82

[7]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
PC aa C38:3	0.15	112.48	0.14	53.41	0.05	144.79	0.11	22.88	0.09	74.25	0.23	89.15	0.19	31.32	0.13	99.97
PC aa C38:4	0.28	169.55	0.21	58.60	0.1	124.25	0.12	68.39	0.01	173.21	0.12	99.98	0.38	105.43	0.24	144.91
PC aa C38:5	0.08	173.21	0.12	66.53	0.09	94.13	0.1	41.13	0.1	77.33	0.07	67.42	0.18	47.84	0.17	154.29
PC aa C38:6	0.1	76.37	0.15	24.24	0.1	92.57	0.09	56.95	0.06	63.42	0.1	70.25	0.23	71.96	0.09	106.66
PC aa C42:1	0.02	173.21	0.03	146.19	0.03	124.20	0.02	144.69	0.03	115.75	0.05	64.80	0.04	79.84	0.02	94.20
PC aa C42:2	0.13	23.67	0.14	10.80	0.16	34.18	0.15	18.97	0.2	31.51	0.06	94.80	0.1	43.01	0.17	10.46
PC ae C32:1	0.02	139.60	0.17	24.20	0.01	130.14	0.06	96.31	0.04	130.88	0.08	66.55	0.2	22.53	0.1	80.12
PC ae C32:2	0.11	98.11	0.14	69.62	0.06	86.61	0.12	67.07	0.11	117.28	0.11	68.61	0.16	14.76	0.11	5.70
PC ae C34:0	0.03	116.45	0.23	16.84	0.03	33.97	0.08	61.08	0.08	51.21	0.12	62.56	0.18	28.61	0.09	77.52
PC ae C34:1	0.03	145.08	0.56	18.52	0.08	93.70	0.29	43.68	0.2	22.90	0.25	23.45	0.56	18.03	0.21	96.04
PC ae C34:2	0.03	173.21	0.38	19.53	0.07	48.26	0.22	40.99	0.21	18.70	0.16	42.43	0.51	22.53	0.2	37.56
PC ae C34:3	0.03	127.02	0.16	40.01	0.02	144.46	0.08	78.71	0.07	88.98	0.05	69.64	0.22	33.53	0.07	54.75
PC ae C36:3	0	173.21	0.15	43.56	0.03	124.24	0.11	63.09	0.07	62.85	0.09	102.67	0.18	29.30	0.1	87.73
PC ae C36:4	0.07	101.81	0.17	47.71	0.05	54.20	0.12	26.73	0.05	144.97	0.07	43.59	0.16	47.58	0.11	102.65
PC ae C36:5	0	173.21	0.13	56.90	0.01	130.00	0.07	67.42	0.04	118.62	0.05	102.17	0.12	42.19	0.06	160.46
PC ae C38:3	0.01	173.21	0.09	22.17	0.06	85.76	0.06	93.12	0.04	119.07	0.06	79.32	0.11	53.67	0.09	115.95
PC ae C38:5	0.03	144.62	0.19	24.45	0.11	44.78	0.1	90.25	0.12	13.24	0.08	52.53	0.18	51.83	0.05	145.62
PC ae C38:6	0.02	98.32	0.09	22.10	0.04	71.55	0.08	26.07	0.05	49.77	0.09	36.72	0.1	40.45	0.05	53.90
Hex2Cer(d18:1/16:0)	0.01	173.21	0.84	28.94	0	.	0.25	64.08	0.34	67.72	0.5	17.04	1.19	43.25	0.35	62.93
Hex2Cer(d18:1/18:0)	0.03	87.59	1.19	32.46	0.01	173.21	0.19	129.22	0.28	101.10	0.6	15.44	0.86	29.96	0.31	46.21
Hex2Cer(d18:1/20:0)	0	173.21	0.12	36.29	0	.	0	.	0.02	173.21	0.05	118.08	0.09	71.19	0	.
Hex2Cer(d18:1/22:0)	0.02	173.21	0.52	67.51	0	.	0.04	173.21	0.05	131.36	0.24	42.25	0.44	41.87	0.02	173.21
Hex2Cer(d18:1/24:0)	0	.	0.45	64.24	0.01	173.21	0.03	96.60	0.04	173.21	0.19	73.83	0.37	40.13	0.04	89.40
Hex2Cer(d18:1/24:1)	0	.	0.33	23.46	0	.	0.02	173.21	0.06	173.21	0.16	61.73	0.38	71.47	0.01	173.21
Hex3Cer(d18:1/16:0)	0	.	0.28	89.26	0	.	0	.	0.06	173.21	0.1	131.28	0.24	91.56	0.02	173.21
Hex3Cer(d18:1/24:1)	0.01	.	0.08	173.21	0	.	0	173.21	0.04	.	0.06	173.21	0.16	.	0	173.21
Hex3Cer(d18:1/26:1)	0	173.21	0	134.50	0.02	.	0	.	0	173.21	0.09	89.76	0.02	99.35	0	.
Hex3Cer(d18:1/22:0)	0	.	0.07	.	0	173.21	0.02	.	0	.	0.07	145.54	0	173.21	0.03	.
HexCer(d16:1/22:0)	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.05	140.57	0	.	0.07	139.24	0.03	173.21	0	.
HexCer(d18:1/14:0)	0	.	0.06	144.87	0	.	0.03	173.21	0.09	91.38	0.16	62.80	0.11	96.65	0.05	173.21

[8]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
HexCer(d18:1/16:0)	0	.	1.78	16.48	0.03	173.21	0.6	48.11	1	94.06	1.52	13.93	1.89	30.66	0.78	61.49
HexCer(d18:1/18:0)	0.02	173.21	0.66	51.19	0.01	173.21	0.11	29.93	0.2	130.32	0.41	26.92	0.47	42.69	0.07	131.84
HexCer(d18:1/18:1)	0.02	173.21	0.21	70.81	0.02	173.21	0.12	101.20	0.17	132.09	0.28	49.82	0.36	73.23	0.09	130.91
HexCer(d18:1/20:0)	0.02	173.21	0.38	96.32	0	.	0.04	86.94	0.13	173.21	0.2	116.37	0.3	100.07	0.07	129.94
HexCer(d18:1/22:0)	0.02	173.21	2.11	67.42	0.02	173.21	0.12	173.21	0.15	173.21	1.34	24.07	1.51	39.68	0.14	173.21
HexCer(d18:1/23:0)	0.11	173.21	1.08	66.43	0.04	173.21	0.12	173.21	0.54	136.12	1.03	20.10	0.78	74.01	0.31	149.89
HexCer(d18:1/24:0)	0.01	173.21	0.83	41.33	0.02	173.21	0.03	173.21	0.26	106.03	0.33	92.19	0.48	70.99	0.07	173.21
HexCer(d18:1/24:1)	0.18	129.91	4.88	11.77	0.21	130.28	0.4	94.43	1.32	73.70	2.59	20.57	3.29	33.17	0.86	82.45
HexCer(d18:1/26:0)	0	.	0.18	115.90	0	.	0.03	93.89	0.03	173.21	0.18	43.18	0.24	76.76	0.05	173.21
HexCer(d18:2/16:0)	0	.	0.19	56.08	0.04	94.60	0.07	137.55	0.08	173.21	0.15	116.05	0.27	72.82	0.18	130.26
HexCer(d18:2/18:0)	0.06	91.38	0.04	173.21	0.02	173.21	0	.	0	.	0.04	86.63	0.14	150.27	0	.
HexCer(d18:2/22:0)	0.17	3.84	0.06	173.21	0.06	173.21	0.11	93.74	0.17	102.35	0.16	133.55	0.17	130.47	0.09	173.21
AbsAcid	0.11	27.08	0.16	32.45	0.18	27.66	0.18	12.28	.	29.84	0.12	37.70	0.17	26.15	0.23	28.96
DHEAS	1.89	15.62	3.92	18.26	4.88	22.27	4.52	10.68	.	29.05	4.2	17.99	4.8	42.38	5.05	28.73
3-IAA	67.94	27.82	22.5	26.36	25.63	19.60	26.86	22.70	.	18.64	19.94	20.34	21.04	13.73	31.84	25.86
3-IPA	27.5	19.88	7.94	21.39	9.84	14.28	9.46	15.20	.	15.19	8.33	20.06	9.95	15.42	10.23	16.55
Ind-SO4	0.66	21.85	0.11	43.94	0.34	62.98	0.24	27.68	.	31.59	0.16	36.74	0.29	22.85	0.36	33.50
Indole	1280.44	31.35	575.56	15.84	542.67	19.90	601.67	21.58	.	15.85	367.56	15.90	238.33	10.23	639.11	14.61
Hypoxanthine	243.56	16.11	96.2	23.39	167.8	20.87	129.51	19.47	.	22.00	331.22	23.31	101.73	17.44	142.54	26.64
Xanthine	328.34	27.69	134.56	45.99	253.79	31.33	231.08	48.08	.	23.83	306.68	36.77	166.02	15.96	244.32	38.14
SM (OH) C16:1	0.01	173.21	0.06	107.09	0.02	173.21	0.02	118.77	.	98.96	0.03	97.69	0.06	80.53	0.01	173.21
SM (OH) C22:2	0.04	173.21	0.03	77.51	0.01	173.21	0.01	170.14	.	88.42	0.02	134.85	0.02	69.33	0.06	130.53
SM (OH) C24:1	0.01	173.21	0.05	50.13	0.01	173.21	0.02	131.14	.	92.59	0.03	96.01	0.03	105.18	0.02	144.91
SM C16:0	0.31	158.29	1.9	22.75	0.11	145.66	0.49	48.70	.	29.18	0.9	14.70	1.56	48.66	0.91	38.59
SM C18:0	0.05	134.52	0.49	31.01	0.02	130.06	0.09	68.09	.	102.94	0.19	46.61	0.31	31.09	0.12	54.64
SM C18:1	0.01	94.07	0.02	173.21	0.01	89.03	0.01	88.19	.	173.21	0.03	144.48	0.03	95.14	0	173.21
SM C22:3	0.02	173.21	0.02	94.96	0.06	149.34	0.13	81.82	.	159.14	0.04	138.93	0.07	107.55	0.14	104.44
SM C24:1	0.07	131.48	0.2	54.32	0.06	119.05	0.06	105.02	.	50.53	0.11	84.67	0.18	58.98	0.14	72.13
H1	3171.89	17.04	881.56	14.95	1369.56	19.35	1023.56	13.27	.	20.63	2703.89	18.77	666.44	15.54	1248.78	11.50

[9]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
TG(14:0_34:1)	0.05	173.21	2.29	105.32	0.03	173.21	0.16	173.21	0.11	86.62	1.21	98.09	5.45	62.49	0.4	148.55
TG(14:0_34:2)	0.12	86.92	0.88	92.70	0.03	173.21	0	.	0	.	0.58	71.79	1.91	50.73	0.18	173.21
TG(14:0_36:1)	0	.	0.34	155.63	0.04	173.21	0	.	0	.	0.04	173.21	1.06	85.38	0.05	173.21
TG(14:0_36:2)	0.15	132.89	1.64	84.52	0.05	99.76	0.04	173.21	0	.	0.98	43.27	4.09	89.61	0	.
TG(14:0_36:3)	0.23	146.76	0.61	89.77	0.04	173.21	0.05	173.21	0.03	173.21	0.75	64.84	2.06	81.90	0	.
TG(14:0_36:4)	0.17	173.21	0.41	97.57	0.02	173.21	0	.	0	.	0.52	146.79	1.06	94.72	0.02	173.21
TG(16:0_28:1)	0	.	1.39	115.82	0.04	173.21	0.19	173.21	0.05	173.21	0.93	71.87	2.79	79.74	0.11	173.21
TG(16:0_28:2)	0	.	0.46	140.08	0	.	0.2	173.21	0.17	173.21	0.26	130.08	0.7	134.53	0.14	173.21
TG(16:0_30:2)	0	.	1.52	109.67	0	.	0.27	95.44	0.24	173.21	0.89	129.86	3.48	97.26	0.1	173.21
TG(16:0_32:0)	4.35	13.61	3.87	13.22	3.89	14.86	4.09	22.04	5.37	18.33	7.08	25.72	12.58	47.62	5.35	12.33
TG(16:0_32:1)	0.49	107.91	3.37	60.08	0.31	105.21	0.52	96.35	0.43	145.32	1.73	27.36	5.96	99.27	1.01	112.66
TG(16:0_32:2)	0.23	117.44	2.1	59.14	0.21	89.78	0.21	126.68	0.03	173.21	0.9	51.57	2.63	73.28	0.32	140.80
TG(16:0_33:1)	0.14	173.21	0.7	90.20	0.17	173.21	0.53	105.32	0.61	94.86	0.38	101.65	1.05	52.61	0.91	52.09
TG(16:0_33:2)	0.08	89.41	0.41	95.45	0	.	0.15	173.21	0	.	0.24	104.77	0.89	57.65	0.13	173.21
TG(16:0_34:0)	2.9	16.54	3.1	34.30	2.69	22.03	2.95	10.49	3.93	13.57	2.62	22.25	8.3	99.77	3.54	16.09
TG(16:0_34:1)	2.16	59.06	28.75	73.97	1.24	35.57	1.75	50.91	1.94	119.96	16.26	28.63	59.71	83.12	2.69	52.26
TG(16:0_34:2)	2.49	96.46	24.73	72.13	0.73	104.92	0.74	91.71	0.98	60.29	17.87	32.30	41.75	86.11	1.83	75.96
TG(16:0_34:3)	0	.	2.64	67.94	0.04	173.21	0.06	173.21	0.1	173.21	4.02	99.74	3.4	81.82	0.18	173.21
TG(16:0_35:1)	0.07	173.21	0.61	39.09	0.08	173.21	0.11	173.21	0.04	173.21	0.39	106.75	0.88	104.14	0.3	102.52
TG(16:0_35:2)	0.02	173.21	0.46	72.37	0	.	0.06	173.21	0.06	173.21	0.24	133.28	0.89	115.96	0.09	173.21
TG(16:0_35:3)	0	.	0.18	133.26	0	.	0.02	173.21	0	.	0.36	54.21	0.28	120.13	0	.
TG(16:0_36:2)	4.61	57.36	63.53	86.64	1.7	33.63	1.76	53.93	2.38	50.76	43.77	35.64	192.43	107.23	4.71	76.86
TG(16:0_36:3)	7.96	81.66	63.27	67.62	1.54	66.59	1.42	34.93	2.21	95.31	61.46	24.19	118.09	110.27	5.52	71.43
TG(16:0_36:4)	8.36	64.98	46.7	49.27	0.67	94.64	0.89	71.92	1.32	143.72	60.3	35.50	85.73	68.60	3.74	61.51
TG(16:0_36:5)	0	.	5.65	85.88	0	.	0.04	173.21	0.38	86.66	13.43	77.35	6.21	50.18	0.4	147.69
TG(16:0_36:6)	0.14	173.21	5.57	122.43	0.13	173.21	0.48	102.57	0.81	72.46	21.94	55.08	10.46	44.74	0.76	121.15
TG(16:0_37:3)	0	.	0.5	134.16	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.66	44.93	1.03	72.35	0	.
TG(16:0_38:1)	0	.	0.48	73.70	0	.	0	.	0.03	173.21	0.34	105.12	0.94	114.69	0.03	173.21
TG(16:0_38:2)	0	.	0.88	115.50	0	.	0.02	173.21	0	.	0.68	96.33	1.55	115.09	0.05	173.21
TG(16:0_38:3)	0.08	173.21	0.6	91.36	0.14	103.04	0.13	173.21	0.13	144.41	0.53	79.70	1.01	77.87	0.09	173.21

[10]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
TG(16:1_32:1)	0.16	173.21	2.27	33.22	0.3	86.63	0.19	129.96	0.19	173.21	0.88	117.98	1.77	74.36	1.37	132.28
TG(16:1_32:2)	0.12	87.43	4.15	74.88	0.04	173.21	0.4	122.30	0.09	173.21	1.62	75.30	2.7	97.09	0.49	173.21
TG(16:1_34:1)	0.31	173.21	2.86	73.87	0.45	94.38	0.38	118.61	0.09	173.21	1.34	47.82	3.9	81.72	0.8	119.52
TG(16:1_34:2)	0.21	173.21	5.47	66.37	0	.	0.12	116.54	0.07	173.21	2.28	47.15	4.09	76.15	0.45	147.11
TG(16:1_34:3)	0.03	173.21	0.63	23.42	0	.	0.03	173.21	0	.	0.26	130.61	0.56	61.34	0.16	123.20
TG(16:1_36:1)	0	.	1.46	78.98	0	.	0.06	173.21	0.08	173.21	0.55	74.69	2.33	78.23	0.16	173.21
TG(16:1_36:2)	0.2	173.21	3.56	83.85	0.09	173.21	0.09	173.21	0.16	173.21	1.95	45.08	11.16	112.81	0.35	173.21
TG(16:1_36:3)	0.44	138.54	2.13	69.36	0.1	173.21	0.05	99.27	0.06	90.47	1.95	28.03	3.94	93.94	0.26	134.63
TG(16:1_36:4)	0.26	131.72	1.41	78.25	0	.	0	.	0.02	173.21	1.59	67.56	2.18	100.60	0.07	173.21
TG(16:1_38:3)	0	.	0.29	62.06	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.23	129.97	0.6	131.83	0.03	173.21
TG(16:1_38:4)	0.04	173.21	0.38	87.00	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.55	15.70	0.7	107.44	0.05	173.21
TG(16:1_38:5)	0	.	0.22	57.93	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.35	11.96	0.43	110.67	0	.
TG(17:0_36:3)	0.02	173.21	0.43	115.64	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.45	118.56	0.94	128.08	0.11	173.21
TG(17:0_36:4)	0.08	130.21	0.28	130.31	0	.	0.02	173.21	0	.	0.47	99.81	0.66	132.53	0	.
TG(17:1_34:2)	0.03	173.21	0.27	91.50	0.06	173.21	0	.	0.08	173.21	0	.	0.4	114.53	0.09	173.21
TG(17:1_36:3)	0.02	173.21	0.27	86.93	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.12	173.21	0.7	132.09	0	.
TG(17:1_36:4)	0.07	173.21	0.25	130.67	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.31	13.41	0.45	122.97	0	.
TG(17:2_36:2)	0	.	0.11	93.54	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.21	24.33	0.63	109.11	0	.
TG(17:1_36:3)	0.02	173.21	0.2	88.70	0	.	0.02	173.21	0	.	0.33	106.35	0.52	84.20	0	.
TG(17:2_36:4)	0	.	0.4	108.12	0.03	173.21	0.1	133.11	0	.	0.43	117.57	0.57	117.17	0	.
TG(18:0_30:1)	0	.	0.81	138.72	0	.	0	.	0.04	173.21	0.48	65.48	1.99	133.76	0.05	173.21
TG(18:0_32:1)	0	.	1.08	118.12	0	.	0	.	0.09	173.21	0.52	95.36	1.35	75.53	0.14	173.21
TG(18:0_32:2)	1.39	123.46	1.82	37.91	1.14	93.26	1.37	99.04	1.58	126.20	1.33	67.16	2.36	39.14	1.71	103.34
TG(18:0_34:2)	1.04	121.38	9.73	68.15	0.04	173.21	0.13	138.19	0.29	96.14	8.4	59.52	15.73	76.88	0.44	146.33
TG(18:0_34:3)	0.04	173.21	0.8	118.43	0	.	0.06	173.21	0.04	173.21	1.47	132.51	1.08	91.47	0	.
TG(18:0_36:1)	0.22	130.51	6.01	80.69	0.05	173.21	0.03	173.21	0.2	145.03	4.2	30.17	13.42	93.72	0.12	173.21
TG(18:0_36:2)	1.76	85.98	24.72	83.52	0.36	49.84	0.39	123.69	0.65	123.98	20.12	37.64	68.2	105.62	1.65	96.14
TG(18:0_36:3)	3.02	112.80	28.9	64.40	0.36	94.92	0.3	137.24	1.07	99.30	33.69	34.48	47.6	105.42	2.21	120.71
TG(18:0_36:4)	3.55	70.76	21.42	47.65	0.16	133.30	0.49	139.56	1.05	116.74	33.58	63.22	38.43	64.93	1.84	81.26
TG(18:0_36:5)	0	.	1.89	110.43	0	.	0	.	0.16	120.49	4.81	141.73	1.97	115.99	0.26	129.08

[11]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
TG(18:1_26:0)	0.12	173.21	13	63.89	0.32	130.02	2.46	92.14	1.82	42.75	7.77	29.66	26.16	56.17	0.98	99.11
TG(18:1_28:1)	0.04	173.21	1.71	90.42	0.12	131.34	0.33	123.76	0.27	148.30	1.13	67.36	3.18	93.24	0.09	173.21
TG(18:1_30:0)	0.19	130.72	3.73	71.82	0.14	95.13	0.37	124.24	0.54	91.46	1.89	74.09	7.36	90.97	0.62	121.23
TG(18:1_30:1)	0.17	173.21	5.97	74.16	0.04	173.21	0.72	115.15	0.18	173.21	3.3	50.46	14.72	63.37	0.38	153.01
TG(18:1_30:2)	0.03	173.21	1.26	100.79	0	.	0.22	173.21	0.11	87.85	0.79	99.38	3.34	85.54	0	.
TG(18:1_32:0)	1.57	27.21	11.33	74.84	1.24	42.57	1.21	17.45	2	23.45	7.17	19.01	23.15	87.31	2.24	29.81
TG(18:1_32:1)	0.5	160.93	4.82	72.18	0.34	117.50	0.38	125.39	0.33	144.81	2.03	66.04	10.86	84.98	0.85	122.85
TG(18:1_32:2)	0.34	98.17	2.91	71.10	0.04	173.21	0.09	173.21	0.05	173.21	1.58	43.54	3.43	63.73	0.3	136.09
TG(18:1_32:3)	0	.	0.1	173.21	0.03	173.21	0	.	0.03	173.21	0.41	61.32	0.17	173.21	0	.
TG(18:1_33:0)	0.05	173.21	0.38	66.66	0.02	173.21	0.02	173.21	0	.	0.17	91.74	0.84	69.53	0.18	137.84
TG(18:1_33:1)	0	.	0.81	115.63	0.03	173.21	0.04	173.21	0.24	145.54	0.19	144.83	1.55	65.70	0.31	173.21
TG(18:1_33:2)	0	.	0.42	87.23	0	.	0.03	173.21	0	.	0.43	94.50	0.78	76.00	0.14	173.21
TG(18:1_34:1)	6.29	73.76	98.63	76.72	2.39	42.13	2.95	63.25	4.37	58.26	60.99	34.52	319.18	109.51	7.65	83.15
TG(18:1_34:2)	7.48	77.01	61.19	75.97	1.33	72.03	1.41	63.32	1.76	61.52	53.94	27.52	122.16	107.74	5.03	72.25
TG(18:1_34:3)	0.85	92.60	6.13	49.62	0.11	173.21	0.39	118.52	0.47	134.88	12.2	62.11	10.92	84.36	0.84	54.23
TG(18:1_34:4)	0.08	87.93	0.35	117.67	0.04	173.21	0.03	173.21	0.12	86.62	0.71	66.96	0.76	79.94	0.03	173.21
TG(18:1_35:2)	0	.	1.5	83.54	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.87	56.59	3.97	108.72	0.11	173.21
TG(18:1_35:3)	0	.	0.44	116.99	0	.	0	.	0.01	173.21	0.37	121.75	0.8	115.22	0.07	173.21
TG(18:1_36:0)	0.4	62.81	5.91	79.15	0.45	45.75	0.29	50.79	0.56	90.44	4.17	36.07	16.32	103.86	0.74	57.60
TG(18:1_36:1)	3.6	55.80	64.64	77.35	0.82	68.72	1.32	45.65	3.03	72.96	43.71	41.77	252.6	120.27	4.54	63.76
TG(18:1_36:2)	16.04	68.16	304.54	75.19	3.36	29.53	8.2	88.58	14.26	85.31	203.51	50.99	1408.61	122.84	19.72	80.92
TG(18:1_36:3)	21.05	49.38	218.5	76.43	1.94	34.51	2.84	57.13	6.99	84.72	224.62	50.95	454.12	119.58	14.08	95.22
TG(18:1_36:4)	22.9	69.24	125.47	47.41	1.03	66.97	2.52	51.40	5.27	73.32	177.95	40.39	236.54	98.83	9.1	65.28
TG(18:1_36:5)	1.15	127.28	10.05	52.70	0.19	130.25	0.32	119.58	1.04	133.70	23.26	50.43	16.84	48.73	1.22	123.83
TG(18:1_36:6)	0.19	173.21	5.28	138.94	0.09	173.21	0.22	173.21	1.56	130.91	25.91	73.24	11.31	67.00	1.06	154.08
TG(18:1_38:7)	0	.	0.18	173.21	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.18	109.37	0.43	144.47	0	.
TG(18:2_28:0)	0	.	2.22	112.65	0.05	91.96	0.21	173.21	0	.	1.06	105.69	4.28	112.16	0.12	173.21
TG(18:2_30:0)	0.04	173.21	0.91	116.88	0.14	129.92	0.1	173.21	0.11	173.21	0.57	100.21	2.06	94.12	0.14	97.45
TG(18:2_30:1)	0.03	173.21	1.25	116.45	0.11	173.21	0.31	150.92	0	.	0.82	101.64	3.37	99.20	0.17	173.21
TG(18:2_32:0)	1.98	67.19	9.76	65.55	1.25	73.08	1.17	52.61	1.05	74.31	7.33	17.53	16.32	77.15	1.7	48.14

[12]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
TG(18:2_32:1)	0.08	173.21	1.47	60.10	0.03	173.21	0.08	173.21	0.14	173.21	1.14	33.04	3.06	91.06	0.45	154.76
TG(18:2_32:2)	0.3	173.21	1.26	86.14	0	.	0.07	173.21	0	.	1.11	99.75	2.28	63.30	0.09	173.21
TG(18:2_33:1)	0	.	0.2	97.56	0.03	173.21	0	.	0.03	173.21	0.27	106.04	0.73	100.27	0.16	131.28
TG(18:2_33:2)	0	.	0.5	108.80	0	.	0	.	0.03	173.21	0.55	120.40	0.68	98.83	0.02	173.21
TG(18:2_34:0)	1.43	112.89	11.03	65.69	0.15	173.21	0.19	96.59	0.36	116.42	10.21	29.27	18.51	92.37	0.77	84.60
TG(18:2_34:1)	8.06	103.50	61	68.45	1.38	80.84	1.1	69.09	1.76	101.72	58.47	29.89	108.04	108.04	4.95	69.34
TG(18:2_34:2)	13.39	60.45	71.79	46.06	1.4	60.98	1.66	79.63	2.42	75.70	80.96	33.66	127.17	74.22	5.52	72.61
TG(18:2_34:3)	0.48	154.41	5.84	79.48	0.11	130.89	0.19	144.38	0.4	120.49	10.82	60.38	7.25	57.91	0.24	173.21
TG(18:2_34:4)	0	.	0.63	114.92	0.03	173.21	0	.	0.07	173.21	1.58	77.43	1.02	108.92	0.04	173.21
TG(18:2_35:1)	0.07	88.15	1.01	85.67	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.94	58.33	1.6	96.67	0.04	173.21
TG(18:2_35:2)	0	.	0.98	109.95	0.03	173.21	0	.	0	.	0.83	89.81	1.57	93.28	0.04	173.21
TG(18:2_35:3)	0	.	0.42	135.07	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.42	123.77	0.64	125.91	0.03	173.21
TG(18:2_36:0)	0.55	145.19	4.69	92.37	0.06	86.69	0	.	0.1	173.21	4.62	65.58	7.5	94.43	0.32	149.23
TG(18:2_36:1)	4.2	69.58	38.81	75.47	0.36	118.61	0.38	122.34	1.29	97.90	42.09	43.23	67.91	111.59	2.34	139.44
TG(18:2_36:2)	19.32	56.86	152.22	70.54	1.3	56.16	2.42	55.55	4.25	103.35	172.22	44.34	299.73	114.24	10.23	75.51
TG(18:2_36:3)	42.43	68.17	235.73	51.64	1.44	143.32	4.3	74.33	6.87	76.78	297.56	45.31	418.71	100.05	15.13	79.33
TG(18:2_36:4)	41.24	57.49	176.25	41.99	1.33	73.98	5.41	69.46	5.49	91.25	252.95	45.73	337.38	56.14	10.43	81.06
TG(18:2_36:5)	0.11	173.21	11.82	82.26	0.1	173.21	0.75	85.96	1.31	126.80	26.87	54.98	13.58	43.29	1.3	128.53
TG(18:2_38:4)	0	.	0.32	110.00	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.5	66.68	0.33	135.04	0	.
TG(18:3_32:0)	0.11	131.61	0.87	102.72	0.03	173.21	0.04	173.21	0	.	1.39	91.41	0.8	122.53	0.19	138.77
TG(18:3_34:0)	0.16	45.59	0.65	97.10	0	.	0	.	0	.	2.27	129.71	1.2	113.31	0.05	173.21
TG(18:3_34:1)	0.36	112.16	5.22	63.11	0.05	173.21	0	.	0.47	144.69	13.22	72.74	8.85	58.48	0.54	108.93
TG(18:3_34:2)	0	.	6.02	82.31	0.09	90.08	0.11	173.21	0.38	87.49	13.94	75.73	6.38	50.20	0.41	92.88
TG(18:3_34:3)	0.04	173.21	7.73	124.19	0	.	0.25	173.21	0.98	86.91	31.13	123.08	13.75	80.95	0.79	106.08
TG(18:3_35:2)	0.02	173.21	0.14	138.55	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.31	96.39	0.21	145.62	0	.
TG(18:3_36:1)	0.33	86.67	3.06	103.96	0	.	0	.	0.63	133.50	7.79	120.27	4.68	110.08	0.53	147.68
TG(18:3_36:2)	1.14	121.70	10.52	43.80	0.07	92.00	0.32	117.27	1.38	136.96	25	41.78	16.9	81.72	1.21	146.26
TG(18:3_36:3)	1.15	128.45	12.63	66.09	0.28	150.26	0.68	97.04	1.81	88.23	34.48	68.42	20.22	47.97	1.7	68.45
TG(18:3_36:4)	0.31	144.38	15.89	85.39	0.24	173.21	0.86	122.79	3.33	130.54	62.32	56.16	26.68	47.12	2.67	132.21
TG(20:0_32:4)	0	.	0.3	130.12	0	.	0	.	0	.		95.50	0.62	136.34	0	.

[13]

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV -3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
TG(20:0_34:1)	0.25	86.67	0.84	58.85	0.1	96.33	0.12	86.85	0.45	127.62	0.58	91.84	1.56	80.40	0.12	173.21
TG(20:1_34:1)	0.11	173.21	0.57	117.03	0.03	173.21	0	.	0.04	173.21	0.39	56.80	0.93	103.76	0.03	173.21
TG(20:1_34:2)	0.15	173.21	0.33	87.30	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.46	59.95	0.94	97.39	0.07	87.78
TG(20:2_34:2)	0	.	0.25	86.92	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.38	15.36	0.64	108.79	0	.
TG(20:2_34:3)	0	.	0.38	57.32	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.3	90.62	0.54	111.30	0	.
TG(20:2_34:4)	0	.	0.37	26.77	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.44	9.39	0.55	47.05	0	.
TG(20:3_32:2)	1.03	54.40	0.6	16.28	0.88	104.50	0.89	92.84	0.75	130.18	0.75	99.41	0.93	21.47	0.71	16.67
TG(20:3_34:2)	0	.	0.26	89.62	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.31	95.78	0.44	53.66	0	.
TG(20:3_34:3)	0	.	0.24	87.00	0	.	0	.	0	.	0.41	88.32	0.4	99.18	0	.
TG(20:5_36:3)	0	.	0.08	173.21	0.02	173.21	0	.	0	.	0.31	106.05	0.4	115.73	0.04	173.21
TG(22:2_32:4)	0.16	154.06	0.48	127.85	0.04	173.21	0.2	129.94	0.38	94.64	0.67	101.53	0.92	81.64	0.13	92.59
Choline	22.1	12.44	8.82	22.38	14.9	19.62	12.94	11.30	15.2	19.15	20.32	23.97	13.08	12.33	17.57	32.29

Concentrations below the LOD are marked in grey.

**Abbreviations:** 3-IAA, 3-Indoleacetic acid; 3-IPA, 3-Indolepropionic acid; 5-AVA, 5-Aminovaleric acid; AABA, alpha-Aminobutyric acid; Abs Acid, Abscisic acid; AconAcid, Aconitic acid; Ac-Orn, Acetylmethionine; ADMA, Asymmetric dimethylarginine; Ala, Alanine; alpha-AAA, alpha Amino adipic acid; Arg, Arginine; Asn, asparagine; Asp, aspartate; BABA, beta-Aminobutyric acid; betaAla, beta-Alanine; C0, Carnitine; C7-DC, Pimeloylcarnitine; C8, Octanoylcarnitine; C9, Nonanoylcarnitine; C10, Decanoylcarnitine; C10:1, Decenoylcarnitine; C10:2, Decadienoylcarnitine; C12, Dodecanoylcarnitine; C16, Hexadecanoylcarnitine; C16-1OH, Hydroxyhexadecanoylcarnitine; C16:2, Hexadecadienoylcarnitine; C18, Octadecanoylcarnitine; CA, Cholic acid; CDCA, Chenodeoxycholic acid; CE, Cholesteryl ester; Cer, Ceramide; Cit, Citrulline; Cys, Cysteine; DCA, Deoxycholic acid; DG, Diglycerides; DHA, Docosahexaenoic acid; DHEAS, Dehydroepiandrosteron sulfate; DiCA(12:0), Dodecanedioic acid; DOPA, Dihydroxyphenylalanine; EPA, Eicosapentaenoic acid; FA, Fatty acid; Fa(12:0), Lauric acid; FA(14:0), Myristic acid; FA(18:1), Octadecenoic acid; FA(18:2), Octadecadienoic acid; FA(20:1), Eicosenoic acid; FA(20:2), Eicosadienoic acid; FA(20:3), Eicosatrienoic acid; H1, Hexoses (including glucose); GABA, gamma-Aminobutyric acid; GCA, Glycocholic acid; GDCA, Glycodeoxycholic acid; GLCA, Glycolithocholic acid; GLCAS, Glycolithocholic acid sulfate; Gln, Glutamine; Glu, Glutamate; Gly, Glycine; GUDCAS, Glycoursodeoxycholic acid; HArg, Homoarginine; HCys, Homocysteine; HexCer, Hexosylceramide; Hex2Cer, Dihexosylceramide; Hex3Cer, Trihexosylceramide; His, Histidine; Ile, Isoleucine; Leu, Leucine; lysoPC, Lysophosphatidylcholine; Met, Methionine; Met-So, Methionine sulfoxide; OH-GlutAcid, 3-Hydroxyglutaric acid; Orn, Ornithine; PC, Phosphatidylcholine; p-cresol SO4, p-Cresol sulfate; PEA, Phenylethylamine; Phe, Phenylalanine; Pro, Proline; SDMA, Symmetric dimethylarginine; Ser, Serine; SM, Sphingomyelin; Suc, Succinic acid; t4-OH-Pro, trans-4-Hydroxyproline; TCA, Taurocholic acid; TCDCA, Taurochenodeoxycholic acid; TDCA, Taurodeoxycholic acid; TG, Triglyceride; Thr, Threonine; TLCA, Tauroolithocholic acid; TMAO, Trimethylamine N-oxide; TMCA, Taumurocholic acid; Trp, Tryptophan; Tyr, Tyrosine; Val, Valine.



[14]

**Supplementary Table 2.** Mean concentrations of metabolite sums and ratios (metabolism indicators; in pmol/mg stool) and mean coefficients of intra-individual variation (CVs in %) for metabolite sums and ratios that were measured in at least one of the tested protocols >LOD.

Protocol Metabolite	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8	
	mean	CV -1	mean	CV -2	mean	CV-3	mean	CV -4	mean	CV -5	mean	CV -6	mean	CV -7	mean	CV -8
CACT Deficiency (NBS)	183.51	14.54	28.92	11.67	59.53	15.70	56.98	12.38	63.32	21.71	45.09	23.69	47.48	17.23	59.24	17.16
CPT-1 Deficiency (NBS)	0.01	10.74	0.09	12.16	0.04	16.38	0.06	11.87	0.04	21.60	0.06	25.64	0.09	18.00	0.04	20.34
Asn Synthesis	0.04	28.87	0.06	58.47	0.01	30.41	0.03	29.53	0.01	17.59	0.11	17.95	0.02	11.99	0.01	20.01
Cys Synthesis	0.14	30.83	0.2	32.19	0.27	37.00	0.24	32.71	0.32	16.05	0.06	13.43	0.25	10.23	0.34	38.00
DLD (NBS)	1.88	11.89	5.14	30.63	5.08	29.74	5.39	33.61	5.04	24.91	0.92	19.33	3.84	7.65	5.37	32.00
Fischer Ratio	1.83	7.24	1.68	15.06	1.68	10.10	1.74	11.11	1.77	9.26	2.07	7.24	1.78	5.39	1.58	13.03
Glutaminase Activity	23.49	16.29	18.82	34.67	40.17	11.07	32.33	23.94	50.09	14.74	13.19	18.56	33.31	18.30	49.66	14.61
Gly Synthesis	1.6	12.64	2.46	30.91	2.56	21.56	2.47	11.86	2.66	14.46	1.34	6.69	2.89	9.71	2.79	24.81
GSH Constituents	5717.89	15.40	604	51.53	4196.78	18.13	2102.78	31.59	4455.22	22.29	3324.89	31.78	2756.44	13.57	5401.89	25.52
MTHFR Deficiency (NBS)	1.04	6.41	1.21	8.72	1.24	18.58	1.18	15.04	1.23	10.01	0.96	6.65	0.9	9.55	1.09	16.76
PKU (NBS)	1.36	6.39	2.44	17.25	2.23	17.49	2.26	20.56	2.25	11.53	1.21	8.68	2.22	2.85	2.45	21.27
Ratio of Non-Essential to Essential AAs	3.5	6.50	2.61	12.85	5.26	8.90	4.66	11.85	5.32	9.80	2.01	10.47	4.8	5.25	5.37	12.95
Sum of AAs	11975.44	14.81	1699.78	40.95	7043	19.83	3771.22	28.50	7763.33	20.98	10584.13	17.17	5253.33	13.45	9262.33	25.21
Sum of Aromatic AAs	486.22	16.10	107.63	32.23	183.96	31.62	147	32.41	181.56	23.04	899.22	31.66	193.11	16.72	225.33	36.76
Sum of Branched-Chain AAs	891.44	17.57	179.81	33.81	300.22	33.60	249	37.76	320.22	25.31	1937.44	37.60	337	20.02	354.44	43.96
Sum of Essential AAs	2688.44	15.62	488	37.82	1101.11	18.86	681.56	32.02	1295.22	18.83	3538.63	17.41	985.89	14.77	1480.89	24.43
Sum of Non-Essential AAs	9287	14.82	1211.67	43.10	5941.89	19.35	3089.89	28.97	6468	22.09	7657.22	31.75	4267.33	13.64	7781.56	26.07
Sum of Solely Glucogenic AAs	9840.44	14.63	1324.67	41.96	6166.11	19.40	3252.22	28.02	6709	21.78	8448.78	31.97	4465.22	13.61	8037.22	25.87
Sum of Solely Ketogenic AAs	1436.33	15.70	227.98	48.32	627.56	15.75	317.33	39.01	805.56	17.75	1761.13	17.14	527.78	13.78	924.44	19.64
Sum of Sulfur-Containing AAs	255.78	13.02	46.82	27.12	101.16	17.99	68.6	26.21	113.97	19.38	410.78	32.08	76.78	16.16	115.07	22.91
Valinemia (NBS)	1.69	10.48	2.76	12.65	2.73	15.87	2.9	15.96	2.8	8.20	1.5	2.63	2.69	3.36	2.71	17.65
Cit Synthesis	6.8	11.48	9.83	15.93	9.81	17.91	17.29	23.57	7.97	14.88	17.76	16.49	12.42	13.76	5.94	11.57
OTC Deficiency (NBS)	0.26	10.72	0.2	16.27	0.25	17.86	0.16	25.92	0.27	14.22	0.16	15.43	0.21	13.47	0.32	10.99
Ratio of HArg to ADMA	0.63	6.76	0.48	24.01	0.48	10.05	0.34	15.85	0.48	7.76	0.66	13.21	0.44	7.00	0.51	10.09
Ratio of HArg to SDMA	0.98	13.88	0.56	20.46	0.68	11.81	0.5	21.97	0.68	9.87	0.95	14.38	0.58	4.26	0.76	18.95

Protocol Metabolite	[15]															
	1 mean	CV -1	2 mean	CV -2	3 mean	CV-3	4 mean	CV -4	5 mean	CV -5	6 mean	CV -6	7 mean	CV -7	8 mean	CV -8
Sum of Betaine-Related Metabolites	9.72	7.86	6.37	19.04	7.83	13.07	7.68	13.47	9.39	15.05	6.49	18.16	6.46	11.05	10.36	14.65
Sum of Dimethylated Arg	1.89	10.63	0.85	36.13	1.6	21.06	1.21	22.02	1.94	20.91	1.32	20.97	1.51	13.96	2.1	13.38
Polyamine Synthesis	2.38	9.55	4.48	18.50	2.07	14.65	3.09	23.68	1.69	13.95	1.52	14.37	2.7	21.58	1.47	23.17
Putrescine Synthesis	0.41	26.71	1.3	21.16	0.72	19.64	1.18	36.85	0.59	19.85	0.51	14.72	0.81	17.88	0.52	33.65
Sum of Aminobutyric Acids	47.52	13.31	23.13	32.05	40.97	21.87	32.64	22.32	47.16	22.49	47	21.58	52.88	18.92	64.08	39.47
Sarcosine Synthesis from Choline	1.21	21.83	1.1	17.51	1.41	12.66	1.2	13.02	1.52	10.81	0.76	20.08	1.57	14.14	1.55	26.25
3-Met-His Synthesis	0.1	15.35	0.13	8.76	0.15	13.40	0.15	14.06	0.15	8.93	0.1	11.02	0.14	7.14	0.13	18.98
AABA Synthesis	0.13	18.33	0.3	15.73	0.25	15.89	0.33	11.08	0.24	6.88	0.12	13.11	0.42	12.41	0.29	21.22
Asymmetrical Arg Methylation	0.01	21.73	6.04	83.84	0.05	26.23	0.25	47.51	0.03	17.94	0	18.76	0.01	14.90	0.02	37.30
BABA Synthesis	0	.	0	80.83	0	0.00	0	17.32	0	173.21	0	86.60	0	0.00	0	173.21
CPS Deficiency (NBS)	2.68	9.42	3.81	15.59	5.41	30.46	4.19	25.71	6.51	17.68	1.69	9.27	3.12	8.39	4.91	26.83
Cystine Synthesis	0.03	57.39	0.01	36.63	0.01	51.29	0	31.08	0	39.66	0.05	31.91	0.01	46.29	0.01	68.25
DOPA Synthesis	0	32.73	0.01	19.17	0.01	32.38	0.01	33.24	0.01	14.37	0	0.00	0	23.59	0.01	29.36
GABR	0.22	18.82	0.09	74.39	0.18	25.44	0.08	32.86	0.16	28.55	0.74	16.36	0.73	10.12	0.5	36.37
HArg Synthesis	0	115.47	0.01	67.61	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	28.87	0	.	0	0.00	0	28.87
HCys Synthesis	0.08	17.21	0.36	26.38	0.24	26.99	0.29	31.56	0.28	14.99	0.06	13.37	0.25	8.06	0.31	42.43
Met Oxidation	0.05	21.46	0.12	24.30	0.1	26.05	0.1	13.92	0.08	11.94	0.08	13.09	0.21	26.96	0.08	22.94
NO-Synthase activity	3.87	17.15	19.67	33.60	12.47	27.18	53.04	37.21	7.84	24.84	1.67	18.04	2.4	10.19	4.11	41.30
Orn Synthesis	0.91	23.00	4.3	20.19	2.65	21.82	6.8	22.12	1.76	32.04	0.14	10.84	0.38	11.06	1.22	33.77
Ratio of Pro to Cit	0.73	8.40	1.33	18.53	0.93	7.47	1.28	13.65	0.78	17.11	0.63	14.02	1.16	4.00	1.05	11.86
Sarcosine Synthesis from Gly	0.05	26.76	0.11	19.81	0.08	22.45	0.13	25.33	0.08	9.23	0.04	16.55	0.1	6.60	0.08	24.76
Sum of Asym. and Sym. Arg Methylation	0.02	23.09	10.23	81.05	0.08	23.61	0.4	47.66	0.04	17.37	0	11.66	0.02	12.96	0.03	41.38
Symmetrical Arg Methylation	0.01	30.07	4.18	78.47	0.03	20.84	0.15	46.82	0.02	20.19	0	14.43	0.01	12.38	0.01	48.05
Taurine Synthesis	0.71	14.19	1.78	17.89	1.26	25.04	1.8	17.09	0.92	16.23	1.41	18.23	1.62	13.20	0.91	23.87
GABA Synthesis	0.01	29.49	0.03	45.37	0.01	18.05	0.03	34.53	0.01	14.68	0.01	22.69	0.01	5.43	0.01	22.17
Histamine Synthesis	0.05	27.16	0.19	17.76	0.13	24.37	0.17	20.97	0.13	15.72	0.07	17.97	0.11	13.69	0.11	27.20

Protocol Metabolite	[16]															
	1 mean	CV -1	2 mean	CV -2	3 mean	CV-3	4 mean	CV -4	5 mean	CV -5	6 mean	CV -6	7 mean	CV -7	8 mean	CV -8
PEA Synthesis	0	.	0	.	0	.	0	.	0	.	0	173.21	0	43.30	0	.
Serotonin Synthesis	0.02	21.17	0.32	60.79	0.08	23.58	0.16	49.68	1.54	65.78	0.02	12.12	0.05	11.49	0.06	22.35
p-Cresol-SO <sub>4</sub> Synthesis	0.05	18.90	0.06	21.97	0.04	13.46	0.05	22.24	0.04	22.65	0.01	27.29	0.02	35.14	0.03	15.77
Indole Synthesis	24.67	26.20	173.87	66.90	44.21	20.18	76.38	44.54	619.93	66.06	7.48	13.56	18.74	10.16	40.23	30.44
7 $\alpha$ -Dehydroxylation of CA	7.47	20.75	10.89	40.03	9.39	24.99	8.13	54.63	11.62	48.75	7.11	25.14	7.89	42.62	10.52	46.86
GDCA Synthesis from CA	0.01	84.09	0.02	84.34	0.04	77.89	0.04	46.55	0.03	51.93	0.05	103.57	0.05	37.20	0.03	38.45
GLCA Synthesis from CDCA	0.03	73.17	0.01	75.29	0.01	90.03	0.01	70.62	0.01	61.42	0.01	82.92	0.01	81.31	0.01	75.41
Gly Conjugation of CA	0.06	36.07	0.06	67.16	0.19	54.31	0.35	74.64	0.16	51.92	0.11	42.65	0.15	28.26	0.53	60.24
Gly Conjugation of CDCA	0.32	77.45	0.13	86.83	0.24	73.16	0.21	58.34	0.15	55.75	0.21	77.57	0.6	58.45	0.37	60.16
Gly Conjugation of DCA	0	93.30	0	115.36	0.01	79.88	0	54.58	0	33.16	0.01	99.02	0.01	89.74	0	42.10
Gly Conjugation of Primary BAs	0.11	26.20	0.08	77.20	0.21	71.14	0.29	65.17	0.15	41.04	0.14	76.26	0.24	33.40	0.4	45.99
Primary BA Conjugation	0.18	29.29	0.22	64.47	0.36	68.53	0.52	55.65	0.3	36.07	0.17	74.37	0.42	24.96	0.69	38.87
Ratio of 12 $\alpha$ -OH BAs to Non-12 $\alpha$ -O	30.06	47.88	13.16	71.08	5.98	46.17	7.38	60.09	9.19	47.80	5.21	50.68	6.51	63.44	8.88	54.55
Ratio of CDCA to CA	0.21	43.38	0.95	62.75	1.31	50.76	1.26	46.50	1.03	41.17	1.59	62.33	1.17	39.68	1.08	30.08
Ratio of Primary BAs to BAs	0.28	15.48	0.27	45.62	0.34	25.57	0.33	35.00	0.31	27.93	0.35	31.47	0.34	47.21	0.31	30.99
Ratio of Secondary BAs to BAs	0.72	4.88	0.73	17.92	0.66	15.94	0.67	16.00	0.69	15.98	0.65	20.29	0.66	22.12	0.69	15.22
Secondary BA Conjugation	0.02	52.93	0.01	77.73	0.02	78.31	0.01	51.27	0.01	20.15	0.02	83.88	0.02	62.50	0.01	30.04
Secondary BA Synthesis	5.21	18.49	4.8	54.13	2.88	38.86	2.47	41.76	3.63	49.23	2.49	43.05	2.62	53.40	3.09	49.00
Sum of 12 $\alpha$ -OH BAs	31.83	32.70	90.76	30.21	106.92	37.22	93.29	20.68	118.06	26.97	100	35.31	100.51	29.10	120.8	29.44
Sum of BAs	33.27	32.53	107.38	27.46	138.98	50.73	113.44	21.29	132.71	28.94	138.58	49.26	126.26	43.04	135.76	31.73
Sum of Conjugated BAs	0.51	17.50	6.49	70.12	12.07	90.04	8.08	72.49	5.58	31.60	8.56	65.86	12.38	78.58	7.58	39.71
Sum of Conjugated Primary BAs	0.41	23.76	5.47	71.21	10	90.74	6.74	74.07	4.82	32.40	6.73	67.64	10.2	77.70	6.77	41.83
Sum of Conjugated Secondary BAs	0.1	28.37	1.02	61.54	2.08	83.77	1.35	47.68	0.76	24.93	1.83	72.36	2.18	77.32	0.81	28.57
Sum of Gly-Conjugated BAs	0.22	24.10	2.18	79.81	4.48	90.21	2.9	63.95	2.2	30.30	5.31	64.91	5.52	83.46	3.31	40.04
Sum of Non-12 $\alpha$ -OH BAs	1.44	37.61	16.67	71.71	32.44	88.82	20.2	72.83	14.59	59.18	38.53	87.77	25.84	93.01	14.97	56.76
Sum of Primary BAs	11.97	32.68	33.45	47.64	56.76	72.72	38.14	51.70	38.05	50.38	63.15	73.63	48.11	84.63	36.75	46.96

Protocol Metabolite	[17]															
	1 mean	CV -1	2 mean	CV -2	3 mean	CV-3	4 mean	CV -4	5 mean	CV -5	6 mean	CV -6	7 mean	CV -7	8 mean	CV -8
Sum of Secondary BAs	21.29	33.23	73.92	31.92	82.53	33.67	75.32	20.51	94.77	18.92	75.24	31.18	78.33	23.20	99.13	31.17
Sum of Taurine-Conjugated BAs	0.28	22.27	4.31	75.50	7.59	91.54	5.18	78.81	3.38	34.18	3.24	73.46	6.87	79.60	4.28	38.32
Sum of Unconjugated BAs	32.75	33.79	100.9	27.03	127.23	47.57	105.17	20.52	127.02	30.57	129.79	48.29	114.06	37.40	128.17	38.66
Sum of Unconjugated Primary BAs	11.55	35.64	28	46.34	46.74	73.23	31.4	65.20	33.22	56.38	56.41	76.81	37.86	87.49	29.96	63.24
Taurine Conjugation of CA	0.06	40.59	0.1	45.17	0.15	66.18	0.27	58.06	0.18	42.26	0.02	78.65	0.19	17.56	0.38	38.12
Taurine Conjugation of CDCA	0.12	78.06	0.19	81.77	0.16	62.17	0.2	64.17	0.17	49.51	0.03	91.48	0.29	55.47	0.27	52.63
Taurine Conjugation of DCA	0	50.69	0.01	113.71	0.01	86.34	0.01	85.69	0	33.79	0.01	107.77	0.01	76.08	0	37.53
Taurine Conjugation of Primary BAs	0.07	29.74	0.13	56.50	0.15	66.60	0.23	55.90	0.15	35.16	0.02	83.89	0.19	25.02	0.29	38.92
TDCA Synthesis from CA	0.01	48.64	0.03	71.30	0.04	83.71	0.04	60.29	0.03	35.84	0.01	100.86	0.04	30.59	0.04	35.99
TLCA Synthesis from CDCA	0.02	62.89	0.02	62.70	0.02	46.93	0.01	46.18	0.02	61.46	0	96.64	0.03	77.32	0.02	67.94
Spermidine Synthesis	4.68	24.15	2.25	24.51	1.69	24.95	1.5	26.70	1.72	30.64	1.8	12.10	2.54	26.57	1.78	37.10
Spermine Synthesis	0.02	9.60	0.04	17.60	0.04	18.30	0.08	29.27	0.04	29.69	0.03	20.85	0.05	18.24	0.04	12.67
Sum of Neurotransmitters	6.24	10.70	6.49	14.70	7.4	14.03	7.06	12.73	8.82	10.95	6.18	13.77	6.27	13.30	8.47	13.71
Sum of Polyamines	199.56	5.13	58.1	31.32	68.34	21.40	44.97	39.59	80.78	23.51	62.32	21.03	37.64	24.73	73.2	21.47
Ratio of DHA to arachidonic acid	0.69	26.43	0.53	11.47	0.56	11.76	0.6	17.70	0.62	12.82	0.52	9.31	0.58	13.54	0.54	13.33
Ratio of DHA to EPA	2.21	31.06	4.27	10.10	3.71	29.28	3.91	14.65	4	8.24	3.82	13.11	4.26	21.92	3.49	21.32
Ratio of EPA to arachidonic acid	0.39	22.08	0.14	15.12	0.2	30.40	0.19	13.45	0.2	17.60	0.17	12.76	0.2	26.68	0.2	13.66
Sum of Measured w-3 FAs	0.25	20.11	8.21	19.23	11.32	35.24	9.47	18.14	9.57	27.41	11.9	20.25	11.34	26.89	8.92	20.36
Sum of MUFAs	179.16	43.11	2080.67	26.42	1697.11	29.51	1481.67	23.19	1766.89	16.55	5813.11	40.26	5792.33	24.94	1563.56	15.12
Sum of PUFAs	341.11	38.78	1533.78	20.63	2147	27.35	1777.44	20.80	1895.78	8.77	2807.44	32.64	2415.67	25.17	1801.33	19.65
PLA2 Activity (2)	8.17	46.50	27.39	42.28	142.43	60.89	32.93	41.94	61.59	50.46	87.08	67.54	20.84	39.96	36.36	28.82
PLA2 Activity (4)	4.4	138.70	72.94	31.67	177.34	26.31	116.2	28.95	146	.	210.27	79.13	71.65	76.30	55.85	71.11
PLA2 Activity (6)	6.05	44.53	85.9	17.34	259.58	31.71	169.8	49.95	387.53	68.22	269.38	56.60	98.99	26.20	115.7	39.78
3-IAA Synthesis	0.05	8.82	0.04	11.49	0.05	15.80	0.04	12.75	0.05	12.24	0.05	15.55	0.08	8.96	0.05	16.16
3-IPA Synthesis	0.02	18.11	0.01	12.53	0.02	22.37	0.01	14.99	0.02	10.19	0.02	18.25	0.03	11.82	0.01	23.73
Sum of Purines	571.89	10.66	230.78	27.56	421.67	15.93	360.56	34.65	303.67	23.48	638.11	25.30	267.78	15.32	386.96	32.54
Xanthine Synthesis	1.33	38.72	1.3	44.51	1.29	40.96	1.63	40.51	1.45	13.85	0.8	30.95	2.11	7.37	1.78	30.70

[18]

Concentrations below the LOD are marked in grey.

**Abbreviations:** 12a-OH BAs, 12-alpha hydroxylated bile acids, 3-IAA, 3-indoleacetic acid; 3-IPA, 3-indolepropionic acid; AA, amino acid; AABA, alpha-aminobutyric acid; ADMA, asymmetric dimethylarginine; Asn, asparagine; BA, bile acid; BABA, beta-aminobutyric acid; CA, cholic acid; CACT, carnitine-acylcarnitine translocase; CDCA, chenodeoxycholic acid; Cit, citrulline; CPS, carbamoyl phosphate synthetase; CPT1, carnitine palmitoyltransferase 1; Cys, cysteine; DCA, deoxycholic acid; DHA, docosahexaenoic acid; DLD, dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase; DOPA, dihydroxyphenylalanine; EPA, eicosapentaenoic acid; FA, fatty acid; HipAcid, hippuric acid; GABA, gamma-aminobutyric acid; GABR, global arginine bioavailability ratio; Gly, glycine; GSH, glutathione; HArg, homoarginine; HCys, homocysteine; His, histidine; Met, methionine; MTHFR, methylene tetrahydrofolate reductase; MUFA, mono unsaturated fatty acid; NBS, newborn screening; NO, nitric oxide; Orn, ornithine; OTC, ornithine transcarbamylase; p-cresol SO<sub>4</sub>, p-cresol sulfate; PEA, phenylethylamine; PKU, phenylketonuria; PLA2, phospholipase 2; Pro, proline; PUFA, poly unsaturated fatty acid; SDMA, symmetric dimethylarginine; TDCA, taurodeoxycholic acid; TLCA, tauroolithocholic acid; TMAO, trimethylamine N-oxide.

[19]

**Supplementary Table 3.** Distribution of mean intra-individual coefficients of variation (CV) for individual metabolites by stool preparation protocol

CV range	Protocol 1 n [%]	Protocol 2 n [%]	Protocol 3 n [%]	Protocol 4 n [%]	Protocol 5 n [%]	Protocol 6 n [%]	Protocol 7 n [%]	Protocol 8 n [%]
0-15%	34 (11.5)	16 (4.4)	21 (7.2)	22 (7.0)	20 (6.4)	19 (5.2)	33 (9.1)	21 (6.4)
15-30%	60 (20.3)	70 (19.3)	67 (23.0)	67 (21.3)	88 (28.2)	89 (24.5)	70 (19.3)	61 (18.5)
30-40%	16 (5.4)	51 (14.1)	19 (6.5)	18 (5.7)	17 (5.4)	46 (12.7)	22 (6.1)	31 (9.4)
40-50%	7 (2.4)	32 (8.8)	16 (5.5)	17 (5.4)	8 (2.6)	34 (9.4)	38 (10.5)	15 (4.5)
50-60%	9 (3.0)	25 (6.9)	10 (3.4)	21 (6.7)	9 (2.9)	25 (6.9)	19 (5.2)	13 (3.9)
60-70%	15 (5.1)	28 (7.7)	11 (3.8)	21 (6.7)	12 (3.8)	26 (7.2)	22 (6.1)	15 (4.5)
70-80%	8 (2.7)	30 (8.3)	7 (2.4)	8 (2.5)	12 (3.8)	20 (5.5)	32 (8.8)	14 (4.2)
80-90%	15 (5.1)	27 (7.5)	12 (4.1)	14 (4.4)	18 (5.8)	13 (3.6)	22 (6.1)	15 (4.5)
90-100%	13 (4.4)	20 (5.5)	24 (8.2)	26 (8.3)	18 (5.8)	27 (7.4)	34 (9.4)	14 (4.2)
>100%	119 (40.2)	63 (17.4)	104 (35.7)	101 (32.1)	110 (35.3)	64 (17.6)	71 (19.6)	131 (39.7)

The distributions are shown as absolute numbers and percentages for each specified CV range.